Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SING a song a sixpence,
The Repubs are full of rye;
The Dems are in the consomme,
The North is flying high;
When the pie will open,
Samoa'll begin to sizz—
And won't that be a pretty thing
To set before Crown Biz!

ON the day of victory no weariness is felt.

NOW GET ready to elect Benny again in 1892.

AT length we have a Republican administration.

EXIT Grover Cleveland. Enter Benjamin Harrison.

THE most important part of every business is to know what ought to be done.

IF conscience smite thee once it is admonition; if twice, it is condemnation.

FOREVER all goodness will be most charming; forever all wickedness will be most odious.

THE superiority of some men is merely local. They are great because their associations are little.

"NO, NO, NO, NO, NO, MORE FREE TRADE." That is in the air all over the country, this blessed day.

WHAT will become of the Mugwumps? They will no longer be able to kiss the Presidential hand that smites them.

RIDDLEBERNER closed his term in the Senate with a disgraceful spree and was taken in charge by the Sergeant at-Arms.

PIGGOT, the perjurer, seems to have furnished the tragic grand finale of the Parnell-*Times* trial by going to Madrid, Spain, and committing suicide.

THE appointment of Sir Julian Pauncefote as minister from England to this country has been officially confirmed. The new minister is not a diplomat—only a lawyer.

IN reality, we don't believe Pigott committed suicide at all. That's only to put the London detectives off their guard. He's not of the sort that usually commit suicide.

AT an evening session of the house, in Washington, a resolution was adopted accepting in the name of the nation, the statues of General Muhlenberg and Robert Fulton by the State of Pennsylvania.

NEW YORK is to have a great public hall costing $2,000,000 or $3,000,000, capable of holding 12,000 persons. A $5,000,000 company has been organized including some of the leading capitalists. It is to stand on the spot of the present Madison Garden.

THE President has signed the bill which increases the pension of ex-Union soldiers who have lost either both legs or both arms to $100 a month. There are only twenty of them. One is a doorkeeper at the House of Representatives, Mr. Decker, who has lost both arms and performs his duties by means of crude hooks attached at the shoulders to the stumps. The bill was introduced by Gov. Long, of Massachusetts.

THE speech of Carl Schurz, placing the forestry question abreast of the tariff issue in the order of importance to the American people, will attract great attention and set many thinking on a subject to which too little consideration has been given. The preservation of our woodlands is of the highest consequence to the health as well as to the industrial welfare of our people, and the necessity of speedily taking energetic measures to that end is beyond dispute.

PARNELL has won his suit against the London *Times*, which is a subject for congratulation. He now is said to be about to begin a suit for £100,000 damages against that journal. We doubt the wisdom of this. Because Parnell has not really been damaged by the outcome of the proceedings. It is the *Times* that is so much damaged as to be an absolute wreck Parnell is more influential and more beloved than ever. It would be better not to give the *Times* an opportunity for any sympathy in its behalf.

THE NEW STATES.

The president recently signed the bill providing for the admission of four new states, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington. Nothing now remains to be done but the adoption by them of constitutions in harmony with the national constitution. Then the proclamation of President Harrison will admit them to the full dignity of Statehood in time for their Senators and Representatives to take seats at the regular session of Congress next December. That means the addition of eight to the membership of the Senate, and five Representatives to the House, two from South Dakota, and one from each of the others.

The dimension of these new States are imperial. The two Dakotas contain 147,700 square miles; Montana, 145,310; Washington, 65,890: total, 359,890 square miles. The total area of the other 38 States is but little over 2,000,000 square miles. The four new stars in the flag will therefore mean the addition of 17 per cent, or a little more than one-sixth to the area of the States. Montana will stand third in the line of States, arranged by size, topped only by Texas, with her 362,290 square miles, and California with 155,980. Let us come out of the immensities of the West, and try to take the size of these new States by Eastern measurements. You could lay eight Pennsylvanias within their area, and barely hide the borders. All the six New England States together fall short of the size of the smallest of them. You could carve five New Englands from the four of them, and have a Pennsylvania left. The area of all the States washed by the Atlantic—Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida—adds up to but 338,865 square miles—21,025 square miles less than the area of these four new States created by a stroke of the President's pen yesterday.

IN these days of Cabinet making, says the *Commercial Advertiser*, people sometimes forget that there is no such thing as a "Cabinet" in our institutions. The council of secretaries which now meets regularly twice a week at the White House is only a growth of custom. The President need not consult with the heads of departments unless he chooses, and whatever advice they may have to offer it is entirely within the President's discretion to accept or reject. Yet it would probably illustrate very vividly what a hold this custom has obtained were a President to give up holding Cabinet meetings and consult only occasionally and individually with his heads of departments. A burst of protest would be likely to occur which would make things very uncomfortable for the Executive. The halls of Congress would probably resound with denunciations of this "monarchical" tendency, and the people would resent the apparent usurpation of privilege. And notwithstanding this prevalent popular sentiment the very institution which is now embodied in the Cabinet, namely, a council of state to the President, was emphatically rejected in the Convention which framed the Constitution, and not because the Constitution was not deemed the place for it, but because the very idea of a council was repellant to the authors of that famous document.

TWO important pieces of news come from Europe—the resignation of the Italian Prime Minister and the decision of the French Government to suppress the Patriotic League. The importance of Crispi's resignation would be greater than it is if he were out of office for good, if his resignation meant as much as did Floquet's. But he will in all probability, soon resume the Premiership. He resigned his office in order to avoid a hostile vote in the Chamber of Deputies on the question of additional taxation in the budget and will, in all probability, return with new associates. Whether or not he will be able to make a satisfactory reduction in the estimates is not clear. He has increased Italy's strength among the powers, but he has done it at a tremendous expense, and placed a heavy burden of taxation upon the people. The suppression of the Patriotic League can hardly help adding to Boulanger's strength. The masses of the French people will regard the move as an attack on liberty, much as Irishmen look upon the efforts of the British Government to put down the Land League.

BELLEFONTE conducted the Presidential inaugural in fine style.

A REMARKABLE ACT.

Governor Wilson, of West Virginia, throws in the shade the saying of old Fletcher, of Saltown, by his practical declaration that he cares not who casts the votes of the people, provided he can go behind the returns and give certificates to the men who got the least number of votes.

The West Virginia fight has developed quite a number of remarkable features; but none of them are more stunning than this declaration of the certifying officer of the power to ignore the official returns, and by casting out the vote of entire counties giving 1,500 Republican majority, grab two seats in Congress. There have been allegations that the Governorship of West Virginia was to be grabbed without reference to the popular vote, and this action certainly appears to be entirely in harmony with that idea.

When partisanship reaches such an avowal of the readiness to disregard the vote of the people, it is time to call a sharp and positive halt.

Delphi for Sale.

Several years ago, while Schliemann was prosecuting at Illium the excavations which have linked his name irrevocably with that of Homer, privilege of excavating at Delphi was offered to France. That government has neglected to undertake the work, and privilege has now been offered to the United States. The good offices of this country to the Greeks when they were struggling against the Turks, and perhaps Webster's matchless oration in their defense, may possibly have induced the Greek Government to proffer us this inestimable privilege. England would have eagerly grasped it, for there the government would undertake the work. Here, however, if done at all, the work must be taken up and carried on by private enterprise. Strenuous efforts are being made to raise tha sum of $80,000 necessary to reimburse private owners over the site of Delphi for the land necessary to be taken and to begin the work.

Here is a splendid opportunity for some American Schliemann to associate his name as imperishably with the oracle of Delphi as the German enthusiast has his with ancient Troy. The sacred oracle of Delphi was the centre of the pagan world. Mystery enshrined its temples, and the shrines where the wealth of kings was poured out as votive offerings to the gods were guarded more carefully than the Holy of the Holies. There were decided issues of state and the fate of commonwealths, by the ambiguous utterances which emanated from the tripod. It was the place of annual meeting of the potent Amphictyonic council. It was covered with magnificent temples, adorned with all the wealth and glory of Grecian art. Surely it is an opporunity not to be neglected. The spade of the archæologist has recently unearthed such riches at Cyprus, Egypt, Troy, Chaldea, and at the tomb of Agamemnon that the success of the enterprise when, as in this case, the site is unquestioned, ceases to be a matter of mere speculation. The splendid contributions which would be added to our museums, the light which would be shrown upon that wonderful epoch of 2,000 years ago, ought to stimulate the patriotism and enterprise of American capitalists.

HERMAN UMBERGER, who lived near Jannerstown, Somerset county, was murdered on Thursday night. He and his wife are old people, living alone, who have accumulated considerable money, but would not put it in the bank. Several masked men entered his house and represented that they were officers looking for money which had recently been taken from a traveler in that region. Umberger placed in his pocket a leather pocket book containing $13,000. The men insisted that Umberger must give it to them and when he objected and fought for it, they shot him through the heart. They escaped, but it is believed that they will be caught.

Pennsylvania Railroad Earnings.

The statement of the business of all lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad company east of Pittsburg and Erie for January, 1889, as compared with the same month in 1888, shows

An increase in gross earnings of	$334,765
An increase in expenses of	259,802
An increase in net earnings of	$74,672

All lines west of Pittsburg and Erie for the month of January, 1889, show a surplus over all liabilities of $38,948, being a loss as compared with the same period of 1888 of $18,683.

TRUTH is the most powerful thing in the world, since fiction can only please us by its resemblance to it.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR USEFUL LEGISLATION.

The proceedings of the present Legislature show a great deal that is valuable and excellent, prominent among which is the Amendment submission resolution. Next in importance and its equal perhaps in excellence is a bill introduced providing for compulsory education. It has not been acted upon but we hope the presen legislature will enact it into a law. The bill is complete in all its provisions and we cannot take exceptions to any part of it. It requires each child between the ages of eight and fourteen years to attend school sixteen weeks in each year, eight weeks of which shall be continuous. The penalty for not doing so will cost at he rate of $5 per week. Of course, instruction given at home, where the child, for sufficient reason, cannot attend school, will be received as satisfactory. If a child refuses to attend school he will be sent to the State Reform school.

What shall be known as Truant officers are to be elected to enforce these provisions, whose pay shall be the same as that of constables. There are other provisions having reference to the proper enforcement of the Act which it is superlative to give, but this kind of legislation is what has long been needed and hence is welcomed, though we are sorry to notice that some newspapers oppose it.

"Knowledge is power" and the universal acquirement of that knowldege is only possible by compulsion. Excellent as the schools have been and are it is nevertheless a truth that in the large cities of this state the percentage of illiterary is large—as large as it is on the Samoan island which we are inclined, *merely on account of our ignorance*, to regard with a species of contempt. This condition of affairs breeds the anarchy and disregard of law so prevalent in the large cities.

"Knowledge is also happiness," especially when rightly directed and used. Every educated man can testify to this. It is the duty of the State to legislate for the happiness of its people, and this is an important measure in that direction. No educated man will neglect to send his children to school. He understands the satisfaction, influence and happiness education has brought to him and will not allow his children to grow up in ignorance. The unlearned man too often does not understand the advantage of knowledge and is content to permit his children to be as he is. Thus the illiteracy of a people keeps pace with the increasing population and the number of evil citizens—men who should not be citizens at all because they do not understand the duty or privilege of citizenship—is continually augmented.

Not only government but *the best* government is essential to the perpetuity of the Republic. It will be strong—not exclusively in proportion to the number of the population—but also in proportion to their intelligence, virtue and patriotism. To love the government, they must understand it and enter into its spirit, thus becoming a factor of it.

Another point in favor of general education among the people, even if it is by compulsion, is that, in making the masses of the people stronger it will thus take away from the delegated representatives in making the laws that power which they might otherwise usurp. If they do wrong the cultivated perceptions of the people will enable them to speedily perceive it and they will be exchanged for more honest representatives. Thus will the real equilibrium of a Republic be effectually restored and maintained.

It seems impossible to effect general education in any other way. It has been tried, but with unsatisfactory results. Tough perhaps for a generation, in a few instances, compulsion or punishment might be necessary, the time would come when every adult would be advanced on this highway of knowledge, and then every citizen would gladly comply with the law, and a strong and happy people would have reason to thank the age and people which legislated so wisely.

THE Signal Service officer in New York said Monday morning: "People who have been praying for warm weather can now rest easy, for every indication points toward that end. The local weather for the next 24 hours will be fair and warmer, followed probably by light rains."

A POINT IN THE DISCUSSION OF PROHIBITORY LEGISLATION.

The rum power's favorite argument against all legislation tending to curb the unrestricted traffic in liquid poison, or to wipe it out of existence, is the cry that "personal liberty" is endangered. To the shame of the friends of Prohibition be it said, the logical answer to this has not been brought as prominently forward as it should be, and hence it is not as familiar in men's mouths as the "personal liberty" cry. It is, stated in terse form, simply that the Rum curse does not stop with the one man who indulges in it; its effects have a far wider range of influence. It unfavorably effects not only the man himself, but his family, his fellow workman or associates in business, and the entire body politic of which he is a member, and if a man is too weak or too depraved to stop the drink habit for his own sake, the state has a right to step in and exercise its authority in the interests of those who are injured thereby Personal liberty ends where the liberty of others is intringed. A man has no right to do that which injures others.

The state thus counteracts an outside influence bearing unfavorably upon the individual with another outside influence. The man stands, his personal liberty being intact, willing to do himself an injury, and beside him the one who proposes to make money by furnishing him with the opportunity, the means, by which he may injure himself. On the other side stands the state, stretching out its arm of power over the victim to take the trafficker in Rum by the throat, with the stern mandate. "Let that man alone!" The point is perfectly clear. There is in all this no interference with the personal liberty of the citizen. He has the liberty to ruin himself by himself, if he is weak enough, or wicked enough, to be willing to do so; but the state declares that another shall not make a business of affording him an opportunity of ruining himself. This is a principle carried out in many other ways than in Prohibition of the Rum traffic. The state will not legalize gambling-houses no matter how eager men may be to have the opportunity to gamble. It puts under the ban of the law houses of ill-fame, no matter how many men may wish to visit them, even if they are hard to abolish entirely. The men who are willing to make money by offering others the opportunity of self-injury must do it in contravention of the law, and lay themselves liable to proper punishment.

WHILE speaking to a meeting in Pittsburg on Sunday night Edward Murphy, son of Francis Murphy, used the following language, which seems to imply that he and his father are favorable to the Amendment: "Before I close allow me to say some thing in this same connection about my good, grand, charitable father. This is justifiable egotism, for I say to you he is one of the grandest, greatest, most noble and charitable of men; great and grand in heart, "with malice toward none and charity for all." He, too, has been misrepresented in this matter. It is not true that he has opposed or will antagonize the leaders of the amendment campaign. He is with them heart and soul. His ideas about gospel temperance are well known. His success gives him a right to them. He has his own temperance work to do, and he may not take an active part in this campaign, but he is with you and his influence will be used for you, and it will tell in the final result."

THE Legislative Appropriations Committee has commended cutting down the amounts asked for by the various institutions of the State. The Harrisburg Insane Asylum wanted $534,500, but it has been cut down to $257,500. The Huntingdon Reformatory asked for 205,500, but the committee thinks it will do well to get $153,500. There has to be a line drawn somewhere, or these big institutions would bankrupt the treasury and prevent the little ones from getting a dollar.

THE fiftieth Congress came to an end without reducing a dollar of surplus, and chiefly because Carlisle, Mills & Co. are unwilling that Samuel J. Randall shall have any credit for such a reduction. This is the kind of statesmanship that wrecked the Democratic party last November, and it seems to be still as prevalent in that concern as it has ever been.

GENERAL NOTES.

Damascus has 150,000 inhabitants and neither gas nor street cars.

An electric car line to the top of Missionary Ridge is proposed.

The electric traveling crane in Minneapolis has a capacity of 20 tons.

Mail is now carried between New York and San Francisco in 113 hours.

The German Emperor now has his Berlin palace lighted with electricity.

During the year 1887 the Russian tobacco factories turned out 2,592,756,855 cigarettes.

The grandmother of the Queen of Madagascar is dead. She was nearly 100 years old.

During the last year the sum total of educational gifts in this country was nearly 87,000,000.

A California woman gathered 502 cucumbers from a volunteer vine which grew in her garden.

Women have got 65 per cent of the 328,000 divorces granted in the United States in the past 30 years.

Since snow made its appearance in Vermont more than 500 accidents have been reported from the lumber districts.

The post office at Ew banks, Ill., is to be abolished for the singular reason that no one can be found to take charge of it.

No less than 15 boys have been drowned this season at Pawtucket, R. I., while skating on thin ice or around airholes.

Many California vineyardists intend this season to dry their grapes, instead of selling them at low rates to wine makers.

A thief in Carlisle, Pa., steals nothing but Bibles, and he has taken 91 from the people of that town without being discovered.

There are about 70,000 lacemakers in Normandy, and in all France there are nearly 200,000 women engaged in this industry.

In Paso del Norte, Mexico, they have inaugurated a series of Sunday bull fights to raise money with which to purchase a town clock.

Mr. Henry Gilbert, of Westville, L. I. is the possessor of a pet hen which has been setting for the past three weeks on three kittens.

A rich man in Portland, O., got drunk the other day and bought 36 coffins for himself, leaving only about ten more in stock in the town.

In Chicago during 1888, according to official figures just published, 4,958 buildings were erected—a larger number than in any previous year.

An iceboat on the Hudson river recently ran a race with an express train, beating it easily. Two miles and a half were made in five minutes.

A bill has been introduced in the Kansas Legislature appropriating money for drilling four deep holes in the ground 'to see what can be found.'

In 1880 the Maine Legislature fixed a bounty of 8 cents a head on crows. This bounty cost the State $2,137 in 1832. Two years later the law was repealed.

A Hindoo journal says that one of the most difficult feats under the sun is to identify Europeans, because they are so much alike with their loud, glaring color.

An exchange says in the factories of the great butchering towns out West, they are making such articles as combs, buttons, etc., etc., out of compressed blood.

No wonder Adam and Eve fell, and that their fall had such serious consequences. A French scientist says that Adam was 123 feet in height and Eve was 118.

From November 1 to January 6 at least 60 feet was added to the height of Vesuvius, while the size of the base of the cone of eruption was proportionately increased.

Dentists in Cedar Falls, Iowa, are likely to have an opportunity to go fishing. An Indian 'doctor' visited the town, and during a few days' stay extracted nearly 1,000 teeth.

Miss Amelia Wadsworth, of Spring field, Ill., having publicly lectured on marriage as a failure, a newspaper man went to work and proved that she had been engaged and jilted three times.

A line of cable cars passing through La Salle street tunnel, in Chicago, is to be lighted by incandescent lamps as the cars enter the tunnel, the current being thrown out as daylight is again reached.

John Heeg, of Newton, L. I., is the possessor of a musket, presented to him by Captain Bill Sands, and which the latter claims was found in the waters of Flushing Bay during the War of 1812.

An international exhibition of postage stamps is to be opened at Amsterdam. To give additional interest to the show there will be sketches of the various costumes worn by postmen in different countries.

There is a young woman living in Newark, N. J., who bears the brief name of Henrietta Louisa Caroline Amelia Adalaide Theresa Whitehead Thorpe Wilkinson Kinsey Post. Her other name is not given.

A man in Davenport, Iowa, recently slipped down in the street, and a handful of loose silver which he carried was scattered. First picking himself up, he then proceeded to pick up the silver and found that he had not only recovered it all, but had an extra dollar, which doubtless some one else had previously dropped.

Poetry.

THE SEXTON.

Who is it walks with lordly tread
And holds on high his haughty head,
And makes us quake with awe and dread?
The Sexton.

Who, when we are engrossed in prayer,
Congeals us with his haughty stare,
And says, "How did you get in there?"
The Sexton.

Who, when we join the pious band,
Lays on our arm his heavy hand,
And says, 'Look here, you'll have to stand?"
The Sexton.

Who makes the stoutest heart to quail,
The rosiest cheek turn wan and pale,
And o'en the strongest courage fail?
The Sexton.

Sing a song of sixpence, your fellow full of rye,
With not a cent to bury you to morrow should you die.
The keeper's in the barroom counting out his money;
His wife is in the parlor with well-dressed sis and sonny;
Your wife has gone out working and washing people's clothes,
To pay for old rye whiskey to color up your nose.

Our Story Teller

GREENBRIAR GHOST.

Why had Celia refused to take me into the attic rooms, and why had she said in such a strange manner that "it was getting dusk and we must go below?"

This was my first visit to Greenbriar, a gloomy old place some miles from the city, which uncle had obtained at a bargain because of its reputation as being the abiding place of a "real ghost." And cousin Celia had been showing me the house, but stopped short on the landing, refusing to go further.

Now, Uncle Remus, with his whole family, disbelieved in spiritual manifestations with a vengeance: Certainly, then, Celia was not cowardly. No! there were other reasons for her peculiar air as she preceded me down the narrow flight of shadowy stairs to the hall below. I was certain of it; my curiosity was aroused. I was sure a mystery existed somewhere above the third floor, and I soon found myself planning to investigate the matter even if I had to visit the apartment by night.

The family residing there, and of whom Uncle Remus purchased the property, could not explain the mysterious sounds they heard, but had said that "once a very wicked man lived there, who, after receiving a visit from his brother, a wealthy man of the East, suddenly went away, none knew whither After that the house and grounds were held for sale through an agent."

How true this story was I did not know nor care. My relatives "poohpoohed" the whole of it as well as the visitations, and why should I concern myself in the matter? I only wished to find out the reason for Celia's strange manner, and to see the contents of the garret chambers, and this I was determined to do, by some hook or crook of fortune.

And fate was unexpectedly and unkindly kind—if I may express it that way—sooner than I dared to hope.

It was evening. Celia and I were under the oak trees, loitering about in the twilight, discussing plans for the morrow, when a man crossed the lawn and doffing his cap to her said:

"There has been an accident over at the Meadows this afternoon, Miss Lisle. Mrs. Glynford desires you to come over if you can, it's her husband who is hurt, ma'am, in a runaway."

Now, Mrs. Glynford was an especial friend, and of course Celia must go. She looked at me. "Go," said I, thinking of the third story; "go, by all means; for I shall get along nicely. I shall write to mamma or read to Aunt Lucia or, tiring of both, retire."

She kissed me fervently at this, and ran off to make ready for her good Samaritan call. Presently she came back. "Flossie," she said, "don't take it into your head to explore the garret chambers while I am gone. It wouldn't be pleasant to go wandering about a lot of cold silent compartments in the ninh." (I fancied she shivered), "besides, mamma doesn't approve of lights being carried through the house, afraid of a conflagration, you know." And she laughed nervously.

I concluded to dissemble. "Do you imagine I am brave enough to stalk that 'ghost' alone, in the night watches?" I asked. "Rest assured I shall keep below."

This satisfied her, and she walked away toward the house once more. I staid under the trees until ten o'clock; then I went to my room. As I laid my watch in its case I fell to musing.

It seemed to me that my cousin had weightier reasons for not taking me to those chambers; or else was over particular, indeed.

My rooms were on the ground floor. What harm would there be in my going to the upper floor and, perhaps, walking the length of the corridor? None. I peeped out into the hall. Everybody was abed; all was still, and the moonlight came softly through the great windows above, flooding the staircase leading thither with a silvery radiance.

"To be afraid on such a night as this!" I ejaculated. "I am going to the corridor anyway."

Suiting the action to the word, I ascended the steps to the first landing and stood a moment peering up to the mysterious corridor above me. The next flight of steps was not long and soon I found myself on the floor—on the forbidden ground.

Three narrow windows lighted up this lonely, silent place rather dimly near the landing where I stood, while the other end of the empty corridor was dark. "Well," I said, "this isn't interesting; in spite of Aunt Lucy, I believe I'll bring my lamp."

As I turned to go down I caught sight of the gleam of lamp-light shining out across the polished floor of the corridor from under the door of one of the unexplored chambers.

Celia had given me to understand that no one occupied this floor and that the rooms were not even furnished. Suddenly it dawned upon me that I had come to the mystery!

Seized with a startling impression of danger, I started hastily down stairs, hoping to reach my own apartments before being discovered.

But, before I had descended three steps, the door above opened and a stout looking man came out, dragging something after him. Instead of rushing away to my rooms I stood rooted to the spot by a curious feeling, as if I were not myself, but another.

Slowly and laboriously the man came down the corridor toward me with his burden. As he drew near I shrank back in horror; he was half carrying, half dragging the lifeless body of a murdered victim—murdered, I knew, by the gaping wound in throat, from which the blood still trickled down. I saw it plainly as he passed me in the moonlight on the landing. I held my breath; what next? Would the stout, villainous looking wretch see me and kill me for being an eye witness to his awful crime?

No he took no notice of me whatever; but opened the small door to the attic over the wing, and, dragging the body into the darkness beyond, disappeared.

Instinctively I looked toward the room from which the lamplight shone so brightly only a few minutes before.

All was dark and silent. I looked once more to the attic door; it was shut and I saw that it had not been opened the bolt above the latch was not disturbed.

"How did he get in?" I sat down on the stairs in a cold sweat. I had seen—not flesh and blood, but the Greenbriar "ghost."

Involuntarily I shivered and came to myself again. Somehow I felt that I had gotten back from somewhere; the clock in the hall below struck twelve. I tried to rise, but in vain. My head swam, I felt queer; the corridor grew black as night above me and I knew no more.

When I became conscious again it was morning; bright, sunny day, and Celia was bathing my temples.

"He killed him," I said, excitedly looking at Celia, with all the horror of the night before in my eyes.

"Be still dear," she said gently, you are ill, and have been dreaming."

"No,' I said; 'I saw him drag the body from the chamber at the end of the corridor and take it into the attic over the wing on the west; no, Celia, I haven't dreamed it."

My cousin gave me a startled look of inquiry, but said nothing in reply. I could see, however, that she was very much disturbed by what I said, as she tidied up the room, while I lay watching her.

I was ill three weeks from the shock I had experienced, and, had not Celia returned shortly after midnight and searched for me, it may have been that this sketch would have remained unwritten.

When I was able to think of returning home, uncle came to me and said: "Whatever you saw, or thought you saw—"

"I did see it, Uncle Remus," I interrupted, excitedly.

"There, there!" he said, deprecatingly; "whatever it was that you saw, it, doubtless, is something not very pleasant to have under your own roof, at least.

"And now," continued he, confidentially, "the place is a fine one, and desirable, save this—this—whatever it is; it will not take long to find a purchaser for Greenbriar, and the favor I wish to ask of you, Flossie, is to not mention this experience of yours where it might hurt the sale of the property."

I nodded my head and said, playfully: "How much hush money will you give me, uncle?"

He looked at me for a moment, then said: "A hundred dollars, Flossie, if you keep 'mum,' until I make a good sale."

'Agreed," I exclaimed; "agreed, Uncle Remus."

He must have "made a good sale," for in six weeks after my return home he sent me the required amount, and I call it the price of the Greenbriar ghost.

I learned afterward that through a chain of circumstantial evidence, the most important of which was the finding of the skeleton of a man in the attic of the western wing at Greenbriar the notorious "first owner" had been brought to justice and convicted of the murder of his brother.

It seemed that the brother was very wealthy and had brought a fabulous sum of money with him, intending to invest it in property in the vicinity of Greenbriar. The wicked brother finding this out determined to have it at any price, and so he took the man's life, secreted the body in the attic, and giving out that the victim had returned home sold the property and with this price of blood left the place.

After the discovery of the skeleton in the attic, and the execution of the red handed murderer, they say the Greenbriar ghost walks the corridor no more.

GENERAL ROSSER'S rebel speech in Baltimore last Friday was premeditated, and printed in pamphlet form in advance. In the South there is a division of sentiment about the policy of the speech, though little as to the character of its sentiments.

Hiram Hay, of Hayville, recently made a trip to the Pacific coast. In describing his experiences, he said: "The only thing that disappointed me was the way my old watch cut up. All the way out it kept gainin' time and all the way back it kept a losin." Wonderful, wasn't it?"

Mademoiselle Eugenie Gilhooly (nurserymaid): "Ef yez plaiz, mum, have ye a city directory that ye would lend me a bit?" Mistress of the house: "What do you want of a city directory, Eugenie?' Sure an' I want to see how to make me wan thim of directory dresses that ye look so swate in."

One of the primary schools of a neighboring town had returned to the a-b-c system of teaching reading, after having used the word system for some years, and a youngster was showing how well he could read. I—s—a—n,' and interpreted it 'I see a hen.' His teacher must lie under suspicion of being a cockney.

Class in Composition.——Teacher; "Now, children, I will give you three words—Boys, Bees and Bears; and I want you to compose a sentence which will include all three words." Small Boy: "I have it." Teacher: "John McCarthy, you may give us your sentence." John McCarthy: "Boys bees bare when they goes in swimmin'."

An Irishman, having signed the pledge, was charged soon afterwards with having drank. "'Twas absent-mindedness," said Pat, "an a habit I have of talkin' wid myself, I sed to meself, sez I; 'Pat come in an' have a drink.' 'No, sez I, 'I've sworn off.' 'Then I'll drink alone,' sez I to meself. An' I'll wait for ye outside,' sez I. An' when meself cum out, faith, an' he was drunk."

A soldier stationed as sentry at the door of a certain picture gallery had strict orders to allow no one to pass without first depositing his walking stick. A gentleman came along with his hands in his pockets, and was about to enter the building, when the soldier seized him by the arm and said: 'Calvian, where's your stick?' 'My stick? I haven't got one.' 'Then you will have to go and get one before I let you pass."

Charley G., an original boy, goes to neighbor's one day and rings the bell. "Can I see Mrs.—?" he inquires. The lady comes, and Charley asks to see her new parlor carpets. She takes him into the parlor, and he gazes at them in great solemnity. "What made you want to see my carpets, Charley?" she asks. "Because I heard mother say it made her sick to look at your new parlor carpets, and I wanted to see if it would make me sick, too!"

Seeing the Sights—Countryman: "I've read a lot about the gambling palaces in big cities, and I'd like to see the inside o' one." Policeman: "Gambling is against the law. No gambling dens in this city." "Really now; none?" "Not a one." Hackman [slowly driving past: "Hack?" Countryman: "Guess not. I did think of hiring a hack for to be taken to see one of these ere gambling places I've heard so much about but"—Hackman: "Jump right in."

A student said to a distinguished lawyer one day, "I cannot understand how circumstantial evidence can be stronger than positive testimony." "I will illustrate it," said the lawyer, "My milkman brings me a can of milk and says, 'Sir, I know that is pure milk for I drew it from the cow, washed the can thoroughly, strained it into the can and nobody else handled it.' Now when I take the cover from the can out leaps a bull frog. Surely the frog is stronger evidence than the man!"

A former professor of history in one of our conference academies tells this: "We had under consideration in the United States history class the subject of early attempts at settlement, and among other topics came that of the adventures of Sir Walter Raleigh. I had a boy on the floor reciting, and after he had given some accounts of the attempts Raleigh had made to establish colonies, I asked him whether the Queen had in no way rewarded him for what he had done. 'Oh, yes, said the boy, she gave him a nightcap.' Now the book had it that she had rewarded him with a knighthood."

A MAN TWICE DEAD.

He Has a Grave in Gettysburg Cemetery and Another in Philadelphia.

Death has at last closed the career of a Pennsylvania volunteer soldier who, according to the records of the war department at Washington D. C. has been officially dead and buried for twenty-five years, although he was still in the land of the living until a few days ago. This man, who will have two separate graves (one in the National cemetery at Gettysburg and the other in this city), is Stephen Kelly who died on Tuesday last at his home, No. 949 South Ninth street.

At the breaking out of the war Kelly left his work; and on August 21, 1861, enlisted for three years in Company E, Ninety-first Regiment Pennsylvania volunteers. He served out his time of enlistment and, after the war took up his residence in this city, in the house where he died. He became a member of E. D. Baker Post, No. 8, G. A. R., together with a number of his old comrades. While attending a summer encampment of the Grand Army at Gettysburg, Kelly visited the National Soldier's cemetery.

While wandering among the graves and carelessly reading the inscriptions his attention was attracted by a stone upon which he read; "Steven Kelly, Company E. Ninety-first Regiment, P. V.," As he was the only person of that name in that regiment he was astonished, and afterwards remarked to his comrades: "I suppose that is my grave, but I am sure that I am not dead or buried. It is not often that a person has the privilege of standing on his own grave."

He reported the fact to the members of his regiment and to the superintendent of the cemetery, N. G. Wilson, with whom he was acquainted, and the latter endeavored to have the mistake rectified. Kelly also called the attention of the war department to the matter, and submitted an affidavit from Colonel Eli G. Sellers, who commanded the Ninety-first regiment during the war, to the effect that he was not dead. The secretary of war, however, paid no attention to the matter and it was dropped. Every year afterward Kelly visited the grave and strewed flowers upon it.

Mr. Kelly was known among his friends as a man of scrupulous exactness, and while in the army he had his name attached to every article about his person. A canteen marked with his full name and connection was lost on the field of battle and was found beside the body of a fellow soldier who was killed. As the body bore nothing to identify it it was inferred from the flask close by that the man was Stephen Kelly, and as such he was buried and his grave marked. Bates' History of Pennsylvania Volunteers contains a full record of the enlistment and discharge of Kelly and also his burial record, thus: "Died—Buried in National Cemetery at Gettysburg, Pa., Section A, grave 88."

Kelly was never married, and lived a hermit at his house, which is a dilapidated looking place. He was taken ill a few weeks ago, and refused to be removed to a more cheerful place or to have a nurse. Although Kelly was a Roman Catholic he left a will directing Baker Post to take charge of his body and to hold the usual Grand Army burial services over his body. On Sunday afternoon next the services will be held in the post hall, at Broad street and Columbia avenue, under the direction of Rev. John W. Sayers, the department chaplain of the Grand Army of the Republic. The body will be taken to the vault in the Monument cemetery on Sunday, and on the following day be removed to the Soldiers's cemetery at Germantown.

WEALTH OF PRESIDENTS.

This, in brief, gives some idea of presidential fortunes:

Abraham Lincoln's fortune was $75,000.

Buchanan possessed $200,000.

John Quincy Adams left $50,000.

President Johnson's wealth was estimated at $50,000.

President Polk left $150,000.

President Pierce saved $50,000.

Washington married a rich widow and left $300,000.

John Adams was worth about $60,000.

Millard Fillmore married twice, and added to his wealth each time.

Ex-President Hayes is coining money out of his chicken farm.

The Garfield family are well provided for by the pension granted by Congress and the income of a large public fund.

Thomas Jefferson died so poor that if congress had not given him $20,000 for his library he would have been bankrupt.

Van Buren was worth $300,000.

THE NEW SOCIETY CRAZE.—The new governess (through her pretty nose): 'Waal—I come right slick away from New York city, an' I ain't had much time for foolin' around in Europe—you bet! So I can't fix up your gals in the European languages, no-how!" Belgravian Mamma (who knows there's a duke or two still left in the matrimonial market)' 'Oh, that's of no consequence. I want my daughters to acquire the American accent in all its purity—and the idioms, and all that. Now, I'm sure you will do admirably!"

TEACHING HER A LESSON.—Uncle Rastus (who had caused the arrest of his wife for assault): 'I want yo' ter gib it to her, jedge, gib her the limick ob de law. Dis ain't de fust time she saluted me." Judge: 'I'm afraid, aunty, I'll have to fine you ten dollars.' Aunty: 'Well, yo' honah, I ain't got ten cents.' Judge (to Uncle Rastus): 'It'll be ten dollars, Uncle Rastus.' Uncle Rastus (handing over the money with a bewildered look as who should say. This may be right or this may be wrong): 'All right, Jedge; dere's de money.' (To wife as they leave the court together) 'Dar, ole woman, I trus' dis yere 'sperience 'll larn yo' a lesson what yo' won' fergit.'

Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets — The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As **a laxative, alterative,** or **purgative,** these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the manufacturers of **Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy,** for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive; smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza,** and **Catarrhal Headache.**

Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of *Ithaca, N. Y.*, writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a well man, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."

THOMAS J. RUSHING, Esq., *2201 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.*, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.

ELI ROBBINS, *Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa.*, says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

SALESMEN WANTED. We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest manufacturers in our line. Enclose two-cent stamp. A permanent position. No attention paid to postal cards. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. Centennial Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. WAGES $3.00 PER DAY.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not effected by heat. **BE GET THE GENUINE.**

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

GANNS KIDNEY CURE.

For Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver diseases. Cure guaranteed. Office, 231 ARCH St., Philadelphia. All druggists. Try it, $1 a bottle, six for $5. 20 15 1y

Eureka Coffee.

This well known beverage is an infusion of the roasted albumen of the coffee tree bill (*Coffea Arabica*), a native of Abysinia and Arabia, but now naturalized in many of the tropical countries colonized by Europeans.

There are a number of species of coffee, but this one only is known to possess valuable properties. The seed of *Coffee Mauritiana* prepared in the same way are bitter and slightly emetic. The genus belongs to the natural order *Cinchonaceae*. It has a tubular 4-5-cleft corrola and a succulent fruit containing two cells, lined with a cartilaginous membrane, and each containing one seed. In a wild state the coffee tree is a slender tree fifteen to twenty-five feet high, with few branches. In cultivation it is seldom allowed to become more than from 6 to 10 feet high, and is made to assume a sort of the form of a pyramid with horizontal branches almost from the ground. The leaves are evergreen, very shining, oblong, and leathery. The flowers are small, clustered in the axils of the leaves, snow white; the whole appearance of the tree is very pleasing, and the smell of the flower is delicious. The fruit when ripe, is of a dark scarlet color, and the seeds are semi-eliptic and of a horny hardness. The seeds are commonly termed *coffee beans*, not however because they resemble in any respect the common bean, but from the Arabic word *bunn*. They are sometimes, but very incorrectly, designated *coffee berries*. The coffee succeeds only in countries where the average temperature ranges from 64 to 70 degrees F. In Peru and Quito it is acclimatized at an elevation of 6000 feet, where however, frost never occurs; but as it delights in a moist atmosphere, it nowhere thrives better than in tropical islands. Where the climate is dry abundant irrigation is necessary, but the supply of water is cut off as the fruit begins to ripen, in order to the improvement of its quality. The tree yields its first crop in the third year; the crop from a full grown tree may amount to a quart of *coffee beans*. As the coffee tree continues flowering for eight months its fruits are at any time of very uneven ripeness; in the West Indies, Brazil, and other places of same climatic conditions, there are three gatherings yearly. As equal care is not bestowed upon the preparation of it in all places, where it is cultivated, there are great differences in quality and price. The earlier history of the coffee tree is not very clear. It was not known to the Greeks or Romans; but in Abysinia and Ethiopia it has been from time immemorial; and in Arabia it was certainly in use in the 15th century, and over the rest of the East in the 16th century. Toward the end of the 16th century it was carried from Mocha to Batavia by a Dutchman, where it was soon extensively planted; and at last young plants were sent to the gardens of Amsterdam from which the Paris garden obtained a tree, A slip was sent from this last to Martinique in 1720, where it succeeded so well that in a few years all the West Indies could be supplied with young trees; then from those to Mexico, Central America, and the islands of the Pacific. The following sorts are particularly distinguished from each other in commerce: *Mocha* which comes from Arabia, *Java* or *East Indian*, *Jamaca*, *Surinam*, *Bourbon*, *Golden*, *Rio*, from Brazil, etc.

The employment of coffee as a beverage was introduced from Arabia into Egypt and Constantinople in the 16th century.

In Arabia and the East, coffee is not prepared as a beverage in the same way as in Europe. A decoction of the unroasted seeds is there generally drank, and for Sultans coffee the pericarp with the dried pulp roasted is employed. The great demand for coffee has led to the employment of a number of cheaper substitutes, among which *chicory* root is the best known in this country. Others of Dandelion root, Carrot, and the seed of yellow Iris, may be mentioned they are prepared by roasting like coffee; but all these substitutes lack the true, constitutents of true coffeee, *caffeine* and are therefore very different from it in their qualities.

In Sumatra the leaves of the coffee tree are used in place of the seeds. They are prepared by quick drying much as tea is cured, and in this state contains even a larger proportion of *caffeine* than the coffee seed itself. The use of this leaf may yet extend very much. We have however not received as yet a consignment of this leaf at the Eureka Grocery but we have the coffee bean of all kinds and degrees of excellence. We have a ground coffee (?) at 18 cents a pound. We do not claim that this is a pure article you cannot get a pure article at such a price now unless it would be of very poor quality or damaged in some way, but this is adulterated with some article as described above. We have also Arbuckles both red and black letter. The Edina, Bunola, Alaroma, roasted by a new patent process by "the Union Coffee Co. limited."

Willett's Favorite Coffee roasted and put up by Willett & Quimby. These are common grades. Of higher grades we have the best Java in the market, Mocha the very best, Old Mexican, Nicaragua all fine goods. A combination of some of these coffees make the finest flavored coffee in the world. In everything else as in coffee we aim to keep the very best goods in the market. We keep different qualities of course, but we sell all our goods for just what they are. If you want the best you can get it at the Eureka at as low a price as the same quality can be furnished by anyone and all goods guaranteed to be just as represented. Call and see us for anything you want in the Grocery line, no trouble to show our goods.

Eureka Grocery Co.,
Bellefonte, Pa.,
Bush Arcade, next door to post office.

Election of President.

To persons who favor the election of President and U S Senators by a popular vote, we command for their serious consideration the following digest of the basic principles of our government as condensed from that incisive writer Mr. L E Wilson. The total number of votes cast at the late Presidential election was 11,371,895. Cleveland's plurality over Harrison 97,958.

Properly speaking, there is no "popular vote" for President. The President, in said theory, is elected by the States, not by the people. Each State is given two votes to represent its sovereignty, and as many other votes as it may be entitled to representatives —that is, the additional votes are in proportion to its population. But the States cast the vote; the people do not. The election of the President is an act of State sovereignty, not of popular sovereignty flowing from the manner of electing the "President of the United States in Congress Assembled," under the first Constitution, when each State had but one vote. This was so amended in the present Constitution as to give each State two votes for itself and others for its people, but preserved the election by Congress when the States fail to make a choice.

Our Federal Government is a dual one—two in one. It is a government by the States and by the people, in which both are equally represented, and in which nothing can be done without the consent of both. The Senate represents the States alone. The Senators are really ambassadors, for they represent directly the sovereignty of their States. The House represents the people alone, and its members are also defacto ambassadors, representing in bulk the independent sovereignity of the people. No measure may become a law without the consent of a majority of the States, as represented by their ambassadors in the Senate, and also a majority of the people (without reference to the States or State lines) as represented in the House.

This dual nature of the Government of the United States is the distinctive feature of our Republic. In this it differs from all other republics ever known, and to this is due its permanence and stability. The people are sovereign. So are the States. But the government is a partnership, a union or fusion of the two sovereignties into one government wherein both are equal and both are sovereign. In all other republics one or the other obtained the upper hand. When the people succeeded, it resulted in mob rule. When the State succeeded, it resulted in monarchy. A permanent and stable anarchy (government without a king) can only exist where the perfect balance is maintained.

This perfect balance of power met with a problem in regard to the election of the Executive. If chosen by the States, he would become the creature of the States. If chosen by the people, he would become the puppet of the people. The balance of power would be destroyed, and the government would contain the seeds of its destruction.

The same principle upon which every other division of power was based was applied to this. Each State was given two votes, and the people of each Congressional district one vote, the State casting all. At the recent November election for President, the States cast 76 votes for themselves and 325 for their people. The President then elected was chosen neither by the States alone, nor by the people but by both combined. He will have no reason to favor a measure that will inure to the particular benefit of either. When an act comes to him approved by both States and people, his approval or rejection will not represent a leaning to the interests of either. When one is proposed his influence will not be cast for or against its passage by any reason connected with his election.

Mr. Cleveland was defeated fairly under this theory of the Government. Had such an issue as this provides against been raised, and had he received every popular vote he would have been entitled only to 325 electoral votes and the 76 votes of the States might have been cast against him. But he received only a plurality of 97,958 in a total of 11,000,000. This distributed the electoral vote belonging to the people as follows:

Cleveland	164
Harrison	161

But Harrison received the vote of twenty States and Cleveland the vote of only eighteen States. The election, therefore, in theory, resulted as follows:

	Cleveland.	Harrison
People's electoral vote	164	161
States electoral vote	36	40
Total	200	201

The people elected Cleveland, the States elected Harrison, and in joint convention the two elected, or will elect, Harrison.

The "will of the people" is not defeated by the election of Harrison any more than it is defeated in the election of a Senator when the two houses disagree and the election is decided in joint convention, or any more than it is defeated every time the Senate (the States) fails to pass a bill sent to it by the House of Representatives. The "will of the people" is expressed in two ways in this Government—directly by ballot and indirectly by State Government, and the "will of the people" fairly expressed in these two ways gave Harrison the majority of the electoral vote.

If the President should be elected by the popular vote, the Senate would have to be abolished; ten or more congressional districts forming a territory to be the unit of self government and our present well balanced and stable Federal government would be changed to resemble for the brief period it would exist, the absurd caricature on popular sovereignty which the history of dead Republics furnish.

There were no presidential candidates before the people in November, in the eye of the law. No presidential election was held because no Federal officer can be elected under our present theory of government by a popular vote. Even Representatives are State officers not Federal officers. All persons chosen at a popular election must be State officers and commissioned by the State. This is because suffrage is a State, not a Federal, question. Each State confers or restricts; suffrage (subject to certain conditions) according to its will and pleasure, but the Federal government cannot make or unmake a voter.

After Mr. Harrison and Mr. Morton were chosen by the electors on the second Monday of January they became President and Vice-President-elect, and the succession, in case of death or disability, is the same as if they were in office. The "swearing in" is a detail of function, not a condition of succession and so is the canvass of the electoral votes by the Congress in February.

T. E. WILSON.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. W C Keplinger & Co., druggists.

The High School Debate.

Considerable interest attached to the debate in the Bellefonte High School on Friday afternoon. It was on a pertinent subject: "*Resolved*, That the Prohibitory Amendment should be adopted."

The affirmative was supported by Miss Josie Bauer, A. J. Cruse, Jr., and C. T. Null; the negative by Jennie Fauble, H. U Tibbens and W. T. Kelley. Of course, the affirmative had the better side for an argument, but the well known ability of the three on the negative made it exceedingly probable that at this time the wrong side would prevail.

The judges were C. A. Rowan, H. A. Loeb and C. C. Moore. They heard the arguments, we suppose they carefully digested them and gave their verdict for the affirmative. All the speeches were of a high grade of excellence and discussed all the different phases of this important question.

The Handsomest Lady in Bellefonte

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when others had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merits, any druggist will give you a sample bottle free. Large size 50c and $1.

Death of a Well Known Business Man

Special to the Altoona TRIBUNE.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., February 28.—William A. Fleming, Esq., a member of Huntingdon bar and one of our best known business citizens, died at his home here last evening, of consumption, aged 46 years. His illness had extended over a period of two years, but did not prevent him from attending to his business affairs until very recently. He was confined to bed only three days preceeding his death. He was a prominent Odd Fellow, and an exemplary member of the Baptist church. He leaves a widow and six children. The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2 o'clock.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stifles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, Etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. Potts Green, Druggist Bellefonte.

21-1-1y

—Affliction seems to come with manyfold force to the family of Frank Wallace of Milesburg. He has been ill for some time and two of his children are also suffering severely—one with a broken leg and one with a cold so severe that it has materially affected the sight of one eye. Mr. Wallace was a soldier in the Rebellion and is an excellent citizen, deserving sympathy at this time.

Get a new Suit and Overcoat from Montgomery & Co., *Tailors*. They are so much *cheaper* than *Ready made clothing*, Full stock of Hats, Caps, Umbrellas and Gentlemen's Furnishings.

MADE WITH BOILING WATER.
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GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.
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MADE WITH BOILING MILK.
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HINDERCORNS,
Sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. 15c. at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., N.Y.

CONSUMPTIVE
Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion? Use PISO'S CURE. It has cured thousands and is the best remedy for all ills arising from defective nutrition. Take in time. 50c. and $1.00.
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$500 Cash
Will be paid to the person who shall send in the largest number of yearly subscribers to the
Ladies' Home Journal
between now and July 1st, 1889, at 50 cents per year—HALF PRICE. After that date, no subscriptions received for less than $1.00 per year. $100—$300 is offered respectively for next largest clubs. A good cash commission paid for every subscriber secured, if desired, instead of premiums. Hundreds of dollars can be made during the next six months, by men, women or children. We furnish free sample copies, posters, &c. Address
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Weak and Painful Kidneys, Aching Sides, Back and Chest, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Sharp, and Muscular Pains, relieved in one minute by the first Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster and only instantaneous pain-killing strengthening plaster. 25 cts; 5 for $1. At druggists, or of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.
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Mixed Flower Seeds of all kinds. GUIDE, and 12c. Certificate for 2 packets your choice, all for 25 cents. Every flower lover delighted. Tell all your friends. G. W. PARR, Shamokin, Pa.
Send stamp. Mention this paper. This offer appears but a few times.

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A Scientific and Standard Popular Medical Treatise on the Errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, Impurities of the Blood.

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MICROBES the Cause of all Diseases.
MICROBE KILLER Kills the Microbes.
Successful Treatment.
CURES:
Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption, Malaria, Rheumatism.
Wonderful Tonic and Blood Purifier.
The efficacy of the Microbe Killer in cases of consumption has been so effectually demonstrated that we are justified in claiming for it curative powers beyond those of *any medicine* known. We do not claim for it miraculous power in curing cases so far gone that cure is impossible, but we *do* claim that it will cure any case where the lungs are not more than half gone. Persons with poor appetite, weak and debilitated, will find it the best tonic. Every one should use it, particularly those who have suffered for years with incurable chronic diseases. Microbes, or germs, are causes of disease. The medicine that will kill the germs and at the same time cure the patient is the one to use.
Sold only in one gallon stone jugs. Price $3.00, sufficient to last about one month. Cheap; within the reach of all. Physician of 17 years experience in charge of the office. Send for circular and information.
Wm. Radam's Microbe Killer, 819 Arch St., Philada., Pa.

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EHRET'S BLACK DIAMOND PREPARED ROOFING
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Attorney and Counselor at Law,
—and—
Solicitor of Patents, Pensions and Claims
Hdqrs JOHN A RAWLINS' POST No. 1,
Department of the Potomac G A R,
Washington, D C, March 15, 1886.
Comrade O'FARRELL, Adjutant of this Post, is doing good work for our comrades in his profession and business as an attorney and claim agent. The Captain was a brave soldier during the late war. He is a good lawyer and an honest man. Comrades throughout the country, who place their business in his care, will be honestly dealt with. C G BOLLINGER, Commander
1319 F Street, N W,
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Formerly Capt. Co G, 69th N Y, (Corcoran Irish Legion). 20 26 tf

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Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 p. m.
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DR H B LIVINGSTONE, DENTIST,
(Office in Rear property)
PINE GROVE MILLS, PA.
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All kinds of Dental work attended to in the most skillful manner. The patronage of the people of Pine Grove Mills and vicinity solicited.
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Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch)
PHILADELPHIA. PENN'A
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts, three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
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MICROBES the Cause of all Diseases.
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CURES:
Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption, Malaria, Rheumatism.
Wonderful Tonic and Blood Purifier.
The efficacy of the Microbe Killer in cases of consumption has been so effectually demonstrated that we are justified in claiming for it curative powers beyond those of *any medicine* known. We do not claim for it miraculous power in curing cases so far gone that cure is impossible, but we *do* claim that it will cure any case where the lungs are not more than half gone. Persons with poor appetite, weak and debilitated, will find it the best tonic. Every one should use it, particularly those who have suffered for years with incurable chronic diseases. Microbes, or germs, are causes of disease. The medicine that will kill the germs and at the same time cure the patient is the one to use.
Sold only in one gallon stone jugs. Price $3.00, sufficient to last about one month. Cheap; within the reach of all. Physician of 17 years experience in charge of the office. Send for circular and information.
Wm. Radam's Microbe Killer, 819 Arch St., Philada., Pa.

Compulsory Education.

The Board of Controllers of the Allegheny School District has prepared an educational bill with provisions such as we will give herewith:

That all parents and those who have the care of children, shall instruct them, or cause them to be instructed in reading, writing, spelling, English Grammar, arithmetic, geography, physiology and hygiene. And every person having under his control a child between the ages of 8 and 14 years, shall cause such child to attend some public or private day school at least sixteen weeks of each year, eight weeks at least of which attendance shall be consecutive; and for every neglect of such duty the person offending shall forfeit a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars ($25) to the treasurer of the school district in which the offense occurs, to be recovered in a summary proceeding before any Mayor, Alderman or Justice of the Peace. Provided, That if the physical or mental condition of such child is such as to prevent attendance at school or application to study such penalty shall not be incurred.

—When we received the Lock Haven *Evening Express* on Friday, March 1, we did not recognize it. A large sixteen-page paper, with an ornamental cover and filled with finely executed illustrations of the buildings of that city; historical and descriptive articles of the productions, resources, trade and advantages of the locality; it was indeed worthy the holiday number of a large and pretentious city daily. But there it was—only the *Evening Express*. Oh what a swelled head and body it did have! Lock Haven should be proud of it. It was the seventh birthday anniversary of the *Express*, and if it continues to repeat such performances often, it will indeed make Lock Haven, in 1900, just what one of its articles indicated—a city of 40,000 inhabitants.

—The Central Pennsylvania M. E. Conference will meet in Shamokin on Wednesday, March 20, Bishop Thomas Bowman, senior Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, presiding. A writer in the Altoona *Tribune* in speaking of the venerable Bishop, thus describes him: "He has grown gray in the service of the Master and received the highest honors of the Methodist Episcopal church. He presents a venerable appearance though his face has the same familiar look that two score years have failed to change or eradicate. He is still the same plain, genial and agreeable gentleman that he was in his earlier days, and moves with a step creditable to a far younger man.

—Lock Haven is certain that she has a Bellefonte Avenue, but seems to be in doubt about the existance of a Clinton Avenue. The gentlemen who are numbering the streets included Clinton Avenue in Bellefonte Avenue. That shows the natural tendency of human events and the good sense of the gentlemen who are numbering the streets. The influence of Bellefonte—sometimes termed the 'hub of the universe'—is bound to reach out and include everything, and that it should gobble up one of Lock Haven's avenues is merely an incident in the course of its progress.

—John Patterson, Esq., died at Renovo, Pa., on the 16th, in the 84th year of his age. When the Juniata canal was made he and his brother James drove the line of stages that ran between Millerstown and Duncan's Island. The old line of stages at that time represented rapid transit—what the railroad expresses do to-day—and they ran night and day. Mr. Patterson was elected county commissioner of Perry county in 1846, and a director of the poor in 1871.

A Shooting Affray.

On Friday the community of Philipsburg were startled by an almost tragic encounter between two citizens, whose names we have not learned. It might have terminated with the worst consequences, as one man deliberately shot at another, evidently with intent to kill, but the bullet did not do any serious harm. The offender is still at large though the police have been notified to be on the look-out for him.

Reform is necessity.

Woman is first cousin to flowers.

Excess of duty speaks a lack of mind.

Silence and reflection cause no dejection.

The days follow each other, but not alike.

Newspapers are the second hands of history.

There are only two beautiful things in the world—women and roses, and only two sweet things—women and melons.

—The Queen of Madagascar, twenty-three years old, is described as a small, slender, light brown woman, with a very sad face, sweet smile and no end of Paris gowns. Queen Pia, of Portugal, is very anxious to come to this country for, as a Lisbon newspaper recently asserted, she has become interested in "the natural bridge over the Alleghanies."

—An agricultural paper says: 'Every paper in the United States ought to occasionally keep the fact before its readers that burnt corn is a sure cure for hog cholera. The best way is to take a pile of corn and effectually scorch it, and give the affected hogs free access to it."

Free School Books.

From the Montrose Observer (Ind. Dem.)

Senator Cobbins bill to supply books free to all children in the public schools of the State stands a fair chance to go through the Legislature triumphant, and become a law. The school book trade in this State has been worked by a syndicate with such good effect that it has proven a veritible gold mine to the crew of rapacious cormorants who have thereby fleeced rich and poor alike at all seasons and as often as possible. Under the new law the books would not be changed more than once in six years, and books that now cost $1 00 would cost the State about 20 cents. The passage of this bill will rid the State of the persistant lobbyists who keep up a never ending struggle to secure a change of books to the disgust of communities and the demoralization of school boards.

Senator Robbins' bill deserves the hearty commendation of every citizen and members of both branches of legislature should hear from their constituents in very plain terms concerning this matter, and they should make it very salubrious for any members who vote for its passage.

The free school book system is one which originated in the fertile mind of T. P. Rynder, and is but one of the many excellent things in the way of reform which he has advocated for years. Should this bill become a law it will be a virtual recognition of a man who deserves still more emphatic endorsement at the hands of the people of this State. Were the people of this country alive to their own interests they would fill more of our large public offices with such men instead of millionaires. We would then have better laws for the masses, fewer trusts and less misery.

Personal Liberty.

Liberty to make our sons drunkards,
To give our daughters drunken husbands,
To starve and cloth children in rags,
To beat wives and daughters,
To rob the workman of his hard earned wages,
To make brutes of human beings formed in God's image,
To entail insanity on children,
To make paupers,
To sharpen the assassin's knife,
To load the suicide's pistol,
To make drunken engineers by whose recklessness boilers explode, railroad collisions take place, switches are left open, ships are wrecked, and sharks are fed on shrieking human victims,
To light the incendiaries torch,
To fill poor houses,
To send one hundred thousand people to drunkards' graves annually in our State and nation,
To shorten life,
To convert $900,000,0000 of the peoples' wealth to a curse.

TO MAKE THE HONEST TAX-PAYER
Support four-fifths of the criminals in the State,
Support the Judges,
Support the Sheriff,
Support the police,
Support the constables,
Support the magistrates,
Build Alms Houses,
Build Insane Asylums,
Build Orphan Asylums,
Build Penitentiaries,
Build Jails,

PERSONAL LIBERTY
To make earth, Hell,
To blot out hope of Heaven,
To make Sabbath a drunken revelry,
To turn churches into dram shops,
To make laws a sport and laughter,
To curse, 1st the consumer, 2nd the trafficer, 3rd. the manufactures. A curse to the whole community.

This is the "Personal Liberty" of the Rum Fraternity.—*Star*.

The Apples Adam and Eve Ate.

The Brooklyn *Eagle*, in reply to an inquiring reader, produces the following.

'How many apples did Adam and Eve eat on a certain memorable occasion?'

'One, of course.' 'No, there were six lawyers who tried their genius on this problem, and they answered in succession as follows:'

First Lawyer—'Eve 8 (ate) and Adam 2. Total 10.'

Second Lawyer—'Eve 8 and Adam 8. Total, 16.'

Third Lawyer—'Eve 8 and Adam 82. Total 90.'

Fourth Lawyer—'Eve 81 and Adam 812. Total, 893.'

Fifth Lawyer—'Eve 814 herself and Adam 8124 himself. Total, 8,938.'

Sixth Lawyer—'Eve 8142 know how it tasted and Adam 28142 know what it was like. Total, 36,284.'

A RESOLUTION has been introduced into the Senate providing that every question and dispute between the United states and another nation be submitted to a mixed arbitration. There is much opposition to this on the part of many good people. We are in favor of it on condition. There should be a provision that what is known as the Monroe doctrine should be respected and observed at all hazards. The reasons urged for objection to the resolution is that in all such previous arbitrations the United States has been worsted and its rights trampled on. We do not think there would be much danger of this result under the truly American administrations we are to have in the future.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journa

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.
Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.
Annual and Six Months' Contracts at Special Rates

THE PARNELL LIBEL SUIT.

The prompt renewal of the Irish debate in the House of Commons, distinguished, as it was, by Gladstone's magnificent attack on the Balfour Administration and his plain defence of the plan of campaign, says the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, diverted public attention for the time from natural speculation concerning the future of Parnell's suit against the *Times* authorities. It is now understood that the trial will be held before a Dublin court; but without considering the favorable bias of the jury's prejudice, it seems certain that the result of the legal contest must be in favor of the Irish leader. Because of his natural fear of British sentiment, and his appreciation of the difficulties which attended the effort to disprove the authenticity of the published letters, the management of his case was at first characterized by what seemed to be indecision. The truly wonderful work of compiling the circumstantial evidence which fixed the forgeries on Pigott, however, and the more wonderful combination of favorable circumstances in which the forger's indiscretion and meadacity played no unimportant part, have conspired to make the work before the Commission have direct bearing upon the libel suit. Apparently without original purpose on the part of the Parnell counsel, the results of the investigation are the first important step in a logical series of legal acts which, it seems, must lead to an ultimate order for Mr. Parnell to recover.

A legal opinion, maintained in this country early in this century, and since established in the courts of Great Britain, declares that truth told with good intentions for a justifiable end is not libelous. This defence would have served the purpose of Editor Walter; and it is doubtful that a civil court would have permitted the opportunities which were secured before the Commission for disproving the falsity of the charge that Mr. Parnell had written letters upon which were based the articles on Parnellism and Crime. It is true that the Commission was a legally organized tribunal. It had all of the power and authority of a permanent court. It was, however, a Commission of general inquiry. The Judges were legally constituted seekers after truth. Neither the prosecution nor the defence was restricted by any one main issue. The general character of the Commission's instructions gave a latitude in cross-examination and in the marshaling of evidence which would have been impossible before a court convenced for the purpose of deciding upon the single issue of the alleged libel. For the present advantage with which Mr. Parnell approaches his suit, he may thank himself, his wisdom in demanding the Parliamentary inquiry, the meanness of his political foes in making the investigation indefinite, the freedom in cross-examination, and the informer Pigott's over throw and Judas-like suicide. With the falsity of the charges established out of court, the future work of convicting the libellers seems direct and easy.

The next step will naturally be to throw the libelers entirely upon the defensive in clearing themselves of the imputation of malice. Though in many important cases purity of motive has been considered as a sufficient cause for the mitigation of punishment, it has never been established that publishers of injurious charges which afterward prove mistaken may make a capable defence upon the grounds of good faith, of freedom from intent to injure or of the exercise of care in securing the information. If the editor and publisher should seek a new ruling on these grounds, they would find it difficult to establish them. To demonstrate their own good faith they must prove that they were deceived as well as their credulous readers. It would be difficult to make an impartial jury believe that in trading with a man like Pigott, whose disreputable career was a part of the records of several Irish governments, the publisher exercised proper care in securing his information. The injurious attacks on Mr. Parnell could only be justified by the declaration that they were intended to serve a public benefit by exposing the criminal conduct of a public officer. When it is remembered, however, that the formal impeachment of Mr. Parnell would have been assisted by the majority in the House of Commons, that the presentations of such charges in a spirit of candor and patriotism is encouraged by the law, that such action is not liable to legal penalty even though the charges, made in good faith be not sustained, this phase of the defense cannot be regarded as tenable. Granting the *Times* authorities every latitude, therefore, it seems that from the severely technical point of view they can have but little hope of escaping from the legal suit without heavy pecuniary loss.

In short, with the authenticity of the letters disproved; and without regard to the future developments of the Parliamentary investigation, the work of the Commission is the most important preparatory step that could have occurred in leading toward the imposition of a penalty upon the Thunderer and toward the legal vindication of Mr. Parnell.

FISH FISH FISH FISH F I S H ! FISH FISH FISH FISH

We have just received a large lot of Fish—

SISCALS,

LAKE HERRING

and WHITE FISH

IN QUARTER, HALF and BARRELS, which we are selling at a low figure. They are first-class goods. We also have

MACKEREL

and

COD FISH

which we are selling at less than the same goods can now be bought at wholesale.

All Kinds of GROCERIES the BEST to be had

Call and see us.

EUREKA GROCERY COMPANY,

Bush Arcade, next door to Post-office.

President Harrison's Cabinet

The names of the gentlemen whom President Harrison has invited to assist him in the four years' administration upon which he has entered have not yet (on Tuesday morning) been officially announced, but all the newspapers seem to be positive that the following is the correct cabinet:

State—James G Blaine, of Maine.

Treasury—William Windom, Minnesota.

War—Redfield Proctor, Vermont.

Navy—B F Tracey, New York.

Postmaster General—John Wanamaker, Philadelphia.

Interior—J W Noble, Missouri.

Attorney General—W H H Miller, Indiana.

Agriculture—Governor Jere Rusk, Wisconsin.

Gen. Harrison early invited Mr. Blaine to accept the post of Secretary of State in his administration, and Mr. Blaine promptly accepted. Then Gen. Harrison proceeded to make up the rest of his Cabinet, there having been no further correspondence between them up to the time the President-elect reached Washington. Whatever the Cabinet is, it will be Gen. Harrison's, with the advice and counsel of a great number of Republicans, among whom Mr. Blaine has been one. It is said, and no doubt truly, that it has been Mr. Blaine's expressed wish that unless the President-elect sought his advice he should have none to offer. Furthermore, Mr. Blaine's idea of Gen. Harrison was that he was himself qualified to select his Cabinet, a view that he has seen no reason to modify. When Mr. Blaine became Garfield's Secretary of State he became also his chief Cabinet maker. Out of this rose embarrassments as a matter of course, and it is but natural that Gen. Harrison and Mr. Blaine should be equally desirous of avoiding a similar state of things. It is taking nothing from the fame of Garfield, nor adding anything to Harrison's not properly his, to say that the one was a different type of the other, and Mr. Blaine's position in the administration of the one was different from what it will be in the other. It would be an essential omission not to say that Garfield's estimate of Mr. Blaine's abilities was not greater that Harrison's. The difference between now and then consists in the difference between Garfield and Harrison. In President Harrison's administration the field for the display of Blaine's undoubted high qualities of statesmanship will be enlarged. Not alone in the fact that new questions will invite it, but from contact with the trained statesmanship of Harrison. Two such strong men working together cannot fail of producing important results.

A Terrible Misfortune.

It is a calamity of the direct kind to feel that one's physical energies are failing in the prime of life—to feel more nerveless, more dispirited, weaker every day. Yet this is the unhappy lot of hundreds who surround us. A source of renewed strength which science approves, in behalf of which multitudes of the debilitated have and are every day testifying, and which, in countless instances, has built up constitutions sapped by weakness and infirmity and long unbenefitted by other means, surely commends itself to all who need a tonic. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is such a medicine—pure, bontanic, soothing to the nerves, promotive of digestion and a fertilizer of the blood. Dyspepsia and nervousness—the first a cause, the second a consequence of lack of stamina—depart when a course of the Bitters is tried. All forms of malarial disease, rheumatism, kidney and bladder trouble, constipation and biliousness are annihilated by this standard family medicine.

THE contract for the construction of the Ohio connecting railway bridge across the river at Pittsburg, has been let for $600,000. The bridge proper will be one mile long and when completed will be one of the finest structures of the kind in the world. It will be of iron and steel and will be a connecting link for the lines of the Pennsylvania system centreing at Pittsburg. The successful contractors are all Pittsburg men, and the job is one that will aid business very much in that city.

Don't Forget This.

A. M. Mott has just received a car load of marble, Anybody who is in need of a Monument or a tomb-stone will find a large stock to select from at the lowest prices. All work will be first class and satisfaction guaranteed.

f 25-d2 w & w4t.

THE officers of our Navy in Samoan waters will feel that they can now safely perform their whole duty, without fear of recall.

Religious and Other Events at Bush's Hollow.

A protracted meeting is in progress under the supervision of Revs. Jackson and Ebersole. Thus far the meeting has been a success, several persons making a profession of faith. It is hoped that the interest in the meeting may continue and many more souls be brought to the knowledge of the living and true God.

Last week the *Gazette* alluded to parties at Milesburg receiving a cool reception while going forward in the ordinance of baptism. This is too solemn a matter to trifle with, and if others would follow the example of our Saviour they would be better and happier.

The citizens of Bush Hollow are becoming rich owing to the fact that goods are so cheap at Spott's store.

An exciting runaway took place here on Sunday evening last. David Spotts was driving to church in a sleigh, accompanied by three young ladies. His horse became frightened and unmanageable, throwing the three young ladies out. Mr. Spotts was also thrown from the sleigh. Though it was a frightful accident the injuries were not serious.

General Hastings' Injuries.

The Philadelphia *Times'* dispatch from Washington which tells of the accident to General Hastings after the parade is as follows:

"After the parade was dismissed this evening a horse ridden by one of the aids of Grand Marshall Beaver backed up against Adjutant General Hastings' horse and kicked General Hastings in the left leg and then kicked General Hastings' horse. General Hastings was immediately taken to his room at the Riggs House and put to bed. At midnight he was suffering a good deal of pain. General Hastings' brother, who is a physician, is attending him, and says he does not think any bones are broken."

Don't Repeal the Oleomargarine Law.

At best, this custom of repealing laws should cease to a great extent. Too often laws are repealed before they are given a proper trial. We are surprised that an effort is already being made to repeal the oleomargarine law.

We hope that it will not be repealed, for one is absolutely afraid to buy butter when "oleo" is permitted to be sold, lest he may get some of the objectionable stuff. Nothing can ever take the place of real country butter; even creamery butter cannot compare with it; and we trust that "oleo" will not be permitted to be sold unless it is marked and sold as such. Hurrah for cows, cream and butter!

—Professor Green, of the State Agricultural College, at St. Paul, Minn., has completed his experiments to ascertain the value of frested grain for seed. His report shows that from 40 to 90 per cent of the total amount planted will sprout and grow. He says that the experiments may be relied upon, and hereafter farmers may plant frosted grain with the assurance that it will grow, rather than run in debt for other seed. Oliver Dalrymple, the bonanza farmer of Dakota, and the largest wheat grower in the Northwest, is inclined to believe that the experiment can safely be relied upon and will test further on his 4,000 acre arm.

—General Goff, the Republican candidate for Governor of West Virginia and and President Carr, of the Senate, the Democratic candidate, both took the oath of office on Monday and demanded from Governor Wilson possession of the office. The latter said he was of the opinion that the Legislature, as a co-ordinate department of the government in joint assembly, had exclusive jurisdiction to ascertain and declare the result of the election and no title would come from any other source. He therefore felt it his duty to continue in charge.

—That was a queer accident at noon on Monday, a short distance east of Altoona. The engine of the New York and Chicago limited express east broke a spring-rail frog, which consisted of seven Pullman cars, to drop on the ties. Incredible as it may seem, the cars all followed to the track again without any further damage than the shaking up of the passengers. The train was running thirty-five miles per hour at the time of the accident.

Mrs. Louise Godfrey

who resides on Spring street, Bangor, Me., has abiding faith in the virtues of Brown's Sarsaparilla, and has the best of reasons for it. Twelve years ago she had a severe illness, and from the lack of proper treatment a scrofulous abcess formed, and although for a number of years it was not particularly troublesome, three years ago it began to discharge causing her a great deal of annoyance and apprehension. This continued for two years when she began the use of Brown's Sarsaparilla. One bottle stopped the discharge and four completed a cure, and this is why she

Has Faith

in Brown's Sarsaparilla. Again showing what a deadly foe Brown's Sarsaparilla is to all forms of scrofula, Mr. F A Bishop, of the firm of Kimball & Bishop, doing business at Hermon, Me., says: "I began taking Brown's Sarsaparilla for indigestion, when, to my intense surprise, a tumor which had troubled me for more than five years, coming out on my shoulder blade so I could not lay back in my chair without causing me great pain, began to grow smaller and smaller until it has entirely disappeared. My stomach trouble left me and I am a well man owing to the wonderful curative powers of

BROWN'S Sarsaparilla.

Not genuine unless made by Ara Warren & Co., Bangor, Me. $1 9 4t

American Tools Imitated.

A correspondent of the London *Ironmonger* declares that the "American Style" of tools sell far better than any other. How much better therefore, would the real American article sell. The writer says: "In addition to the uniform quality and American style of finish of my picks, it has been a very important factor in increasing the demand for these tools, repeated orders for which I am receiving through the merchants by every mail, and also for the American style of ax pattern, claw and shingling hatchets, which are always packed in quantities of four dozen each in cases made carefully to fit. The same remarks also apply to the Australia and New Zealand markets.

—Mr. John Uzzle, the well known citizen of Snow Shoe, entertains guests at his hotel very pleasantly. We fancy that Mr. Uzzle "knows how it is himself" and is aware that the principle object to be achievd is to supply guests with every comfort and display towards them every courtesy. In this he is aided by Mr. George Uzzle, his son, as clerk, and his other son, James Uzzle, as the chief assistant at the stable in taking care of the horses, etc. A representative of this paper is under special obligation to the Messrs. Uzzle during a recent stay at their hotel and can bear testimony to the above facts. When you go to Snow Shoe remember that comfort and cheer await you at the Uzzle House.

Death of Mrs. Baney.

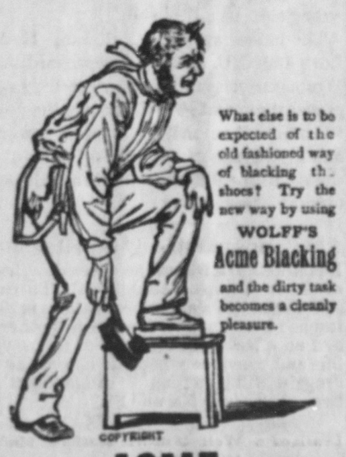
A correspondent writes thus: We are sorry to record the death of Mrs. W. S. Baney, which occurred on Thursday, Feb. 28, of acute consumption. Her remains were laid to rest at Cedar Hill cemetery on Sunday forenoon. The funeral ceremony was performed by Rev. Diven at the Lutheran church of Salona. The deceased was a member of the same and had many friends there. She was aged 20 years, 7 month and 16 days. She leaves a bereaved husband to mourn his loss, and he extends sincere thanks to their neighbors and friends for their kind assistance during her sickness and death. May they be rewarded in heaven.

At Irwinton, Ga., a man who stole and hid a jug of whisky, ran his hand into a steel trap that had been put in the place of a jug during his absence by a friend of the owner, who had witnessed the theft.

Every mother should have Arnica & Oil Liniment always in the house in case of accident from burns, scalds or bruises. Sold by F P Green.

It is asserted that nearly all the idols now worshiped in India are of English manufacture. John Bull's principle would seem to be "Let me but make the idols of a country and I care not who makes its religion."

Sweat-Groan-Grow...



What else is to be expected of the old fashioned way of blacking the shoes? Try the new way by using WOLFF'S Acme Blacking and the dirty task becomes a cleanly pleasure.

COPYRIGHT

Wolff's ACME Blacking

REQUIRES NO BRUSH.

Sheds Water or Snow. Shoes can be washed clean, requiring dressing only once a Week for men, once a Month for women.

It is also an Elegant Harness Dressing.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia

Bellefonte Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY P. GRAY MEEK.

BELLEFONTE, March 5, 1889.

Red Wheat, per bushel	97
Mixed Wheat, per bushel	92
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	45
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	27
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5.00
do prime and extra prime	5.50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.20
Flour, wholesale	5.25
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$9.00

Provision Markets.

(Corrected weekly by A C Meyer & Bro)

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12½
Dried Currants, per pound	12
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	12½
Hams, sugar cured	12
Shoulders	12
Breakfast Bacon	14
Country Bacon	10
Lard, leaf, per pound	13
Lard, country, per pound	11
Eggs, per dozen	20
Potatoes, per bushel	40
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	10
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	25
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Buffalo Stone, per sack	$1 50
Apples, per bushel	75

Neighborhood News.

Mrs. Mary Carter, aged 98; Miss Silvain Albright, 79, and James Stewart, 67, are recent Mifflin county deaths.

Amos Wheating was killed at Kettle Creek, Clinton county, last Saturday morning by being caught by a falling tree while at work on a log job.

A strange disease is afflicting cattle on the farm of Mr. John Miller, in Carroll township, Cambria county. The cattle are unable to rise to their feet.

A REPORT comes from Samoa that there has been a conflict between the German gunboats and Uncle Sam's flag-ships. Our only hope is that in the conflict Uncle Sam was the victor.

John Dennett, of Santa Cruz, Cal., recently found a two headed snake, about a foot long. The heads were little over an inch in length. When aroused the snake would throw a forked tongue out of each head simultaneously, as if they were one.

SALE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21.—At residence of John Hoy, on Jacksonville road, at 10 o'clock a. m. farm stock, farm implements, etc. Extensive sale and excellent bargains

SATURDAY, MARCH 23.—At 1 o'clock p. m. on said day, Miss Alpha Corman will sell household goods, etc., at her residence in this place.

MONDAY, MARCH 11.—Commencing on that date and continuing until the articles are sold, all the stock of groceries contained in J J Lucas' store on Thomas street, this place. Also household furniture.

FRIDAY, MARCH 22.—At 1 o'clock p. m. on said day, at residence of Mrs. Sarah M. Noll, on old Loneberger farm, top of Nittany mountain, horses, cows, wagons, etc.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14.—At 1 o'clock p. m. on said day, at the residence of Dr. S. U. Harshberger at Port Matilda, household furniture, buggy, Kentucky Morgan Mare, Hambletonian colt and other stock.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

STOCK QUOTATIONS,

Reported up to 12 o'clock, by

DE HAVEN & TOWNSEND,

BANKERS,

428 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Stocks Bought and Sold and carried on favorable terms

PHILADELPHIA, March 1, 1889.

	Bid	Asked
U S 4½'s, coupon	107¾	108
" 4's "	128½	129
Pennsylvania R R	55¼	55½
Philadelphia & Reading R R	22⅝	22¾
Lehigh Valley R R	54⅜	54½
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co	52	52½
Western N Y & Penn	12	12½
New Jersey Central	95¼	95½
Northern Pacific Com	26⅝	26¾
" Prefered	62½	63
Oregon Transcontinental	33¾	34
Union Pacific	66¼	66½
Western Union	83¾	84
Richmond Terminal	26⅛	26¼
Louisville & Nashville	59¾	59½
Pacific Mail	37	37½
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	140¾	141
New York & New England	47¼	47½

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

HAY-FEVER

TRY THE CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56th Warren St., New York. 20 18 4t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Delightful weather after the inaugural rain.

—Barnum's circus will move in this direction in the spring.

—General Greeley, of the Weather Bureau, promises warm weather for a couple of weeks.

—It is stated that Mr. Charles Heisler contemplates again engaging in the tombstone business.

—The water in the Susquehanna river, during the recent wet weather, attained the dimensions of a freshet.

—Levi Kline, of Decatur township, Mifflin county, owns a colt four months old that weighs 600 pounds.

—Jacob Hagey, the oldest resident of Tell township, Huntingdon county, died Thursday last, aged 94 years.

—Francis Speer and A L Miller are expected to acquit themselves very brilliantly on Friday evening.

—On Friday evening the long-expected mock court will be held in Y M C A hall. Admission only ten cents.

—The Mountain City theatre in Altoona was entirely destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning. Loss $60,000, insurance $20,000.

—The Odd Fellows performed a very commendable act in presenting to the Lutheran congregation a handsome piece of pulpit furniture.

—Seventeen old soldiers of Miles twp., with their better halves, participated in a reunion at the home of Prof. Meyer, in Rebersburg, a few days ago.

—Mr. J. J. Lucas, the Thomas street grocer, has concluded to sell, at auction, his grocery stock and other articles. Sale to commence Monday March 11.

—Pine station, Clinton county, was burglarized last Saturday night of $2 in money, besides five trunks being broken open and a number of express packages.

—Who will purchase the Glass Works and keep them in operation? It is generally conceded that all that is wanted is sufficient capital, as the location is excellent.

—John McCallister, of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, fell from an upper floor in his barn last Thursday, breaking his left leg besides sustaining some severe bruises.

—Mr. James McClain is now conducting the mercantile store at the nail works, Messrs. S. M. Buck and A. M. Hoover having retired from the firm. The firm name will be McClain & Co.

—President Harrison's inauguration suit was made of a fine black diagonal cloth.—*Ex.* That don't make a President of every one who wears a black diagonal suit, as we can testify from experience.

—The attendants at court on Tuesday, presented a different appearance from those usually seen in the Court room. Strange to say, also, there seemed to be a similarity in the appearance of nearly all present.

—Rev. J. W. Bain, of Altoona, seems to be the most prominent temperance speaker in this part of the State. He addressed the citizens of Lewistown on Thursday night and on Friday night spoke in Huntingdon.

—On Tuesday Ed. Butts adjusted his hat on the rear of his head, allowed his ambrosial curls to sweep in fine lines over his forehead and gaily rendered a solo on the flute for the delectation of persons gathered in W. I. Fleming's establishment.

—When the first meeting of the new council was held on Monday evening it moved along in a much smoother manner than a similar meeting of the old council a year ago. Reason—No such ambitious would-be President was Brousing around.

—The wedding notice of "Noble-Harman," published to-day, is an interesting one. The groom is the father of Rev. Mr. Noble, the minister. Both parties are well advanced in years, They have numerous friends who will wish them great happiness.

—William Hughes and Edward Bush, charged with the murder of John Hughes, of near Johnstown, had hearings on Wednesday evening and were discharged. Another man named Milton S. Bush was charged with the same offense and was committed.

—Hon. Simon Cameron, of Harrisburg, will be 90 years old on the 8th of March. He is a most remarkable man, as printer, editor, foreign minister, U. S. Senator, cabinet officer and party leader, has passed through a most eventful life in American history and politics.

—A house owned by David Johns, of Orbisonia, and occupied by him and David Wilson, was entirely destroyed by fire on the 25th, with most of its contents. Loss, $2,000, insurance, $500. The house of Mr. Shellanberger adjoining was damaged to the extent of $100.

—Mrs. Aletta, widow of John Apgar, died in Union township, Huntingdon county, of paralysis, on the 24th ult., aged 79 years, 7 months and 6 days. Her husband, who died in June, 1886, was aged 79 years, 7 months and 6 days, and not over two hours difference in the time of day.

—In accordance with an opinion by the attorney general a circular letter has been sent by Auditor General McCamant to city and county treasurers of the State regarding the rates to be charged, for liquor licenses. The decision fixes the rate in all cities $500, boroughs $100 and townships $75.

Deafness Can't be Cured.

by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube be restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F J CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞Sold by Druggists, 75c.

HOW THE LICENSE QUESTION WAS SETTLED.

The Court, on Tuesday, heard the petitions for liquor licenses and disposed of them as follows:

GRANTED.

W. R. Teller, Bush House, Bellefonte.
Geo. B. Brandon, Brockerhoff House, "
Daniel Garman, Garman House, "
David J. Meyer, Centre Hall Hotel, Centre Hall.
J. S. Showers, Potter House, Philipsburg.
James Passmore, Passmore House, "
S. B. Row Lloyd House, "
William Parker, Coal Exchange Hotel, "
Peter Ashcroft, Central Hotel, "
Alois Kohlbecker, Central City, Boggs twp
D. H. Ruhl, Spring Mills, Gregg "
N. W. Eby, Distillery, Haines "
O W VanValin & Co., Distillery, Penn "
Reuben V Shaffer, Coburn, " "
Gottlieb Haag, Distillery, Spring "
Mary C Nolan, Snow Shoe City, Snow Shoe twp.
John G Uzzle, Snow Shoe City, "

CONTINUED UNTIL MONDAY.

John H Bibby, National House, Millheim.
W S Musser, Musser House, "
Henry Robb, Nittany Hall, Walker twp.

REFUSED.

J L DeHass, Syracuse House, Howard.
Catharine Haas, Brewery, Benner twp.
Frank Bosch, Distillery, " "

SUMMARY.

Whole number applied for—Eighteen hotel licenses, four distillery and one brewery; total 23.

Whole number granted—fourteen hotels and three distilleries—total 17.

Whole number continued—three hotels.

Whole number refused, one hotel, one brewery, one distillery—total 3.

"His pills as thick as hand-grenades flew,
And when they fell as certainly they slew."

was said of one of those ignorant doctors in the early times, who might have been called the aide-de-camp of death. The sufferer from scrofula, with sores as bad as Job's need not now cure the day he was born, for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will restore health and beauty, appetite and strength. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing salt-rheum, tetter, boils, carbuncles, sore eyes, scrofulous sores and swellings, hip-joint disease, white swellings, goitre, or thick neck, and enlarged glands.

—The Kansas City [Kansas] *Gazette* is particularly jubilant over the prospect that the name of Davis county, that State, will be changed to Geary county. It's desire for the change is because Davis is the name of the arch rebel while Geary is the name of Pennsylvania's brave citizen, was Governor of Pennsylvania two terms and was also territorial governor of Kansas.

It is a fact well known that there is no better family medicine sold than Laxador. Price 25c.

The healthy growth of the baby is dependent upon its freedom from the pernicious effects of opium. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the best remedy known for the disease of early childhood.

Home Evidence

No other preparation has won success at home equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, it is now, as it has been for years, the leading medicine for purifying the blood, and toning and strengthening the system. This "good name at home" is "a tower of strength abroad."

People of Lowell

It would require a volume to print all Lowell people have said in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Albert Estes, living at 28 East Pine Street, Lowell, for 15 years employed as boss carpenter by J. W. Bennett, president of the Erie Telephone Company, had a large running sore come on his leg, which troubled him a year, when he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The sore soon grew less in size, and in a short time disappeared.

Jos. Dunphy, 214 Central Street, Lowell, had swellings and lumps on his face and neck, which Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured.

Praise Hood's Sarsaparilla

Mrs. C. W. Marriott, wife of the First Assistant Fire Engineer of Lowell, says that for 16 years she was troubled with stomach disorder and sick headache, which nothing relieved. The attacks came on every fortnight, when she was obliged to take her bed, and was unable to endure any noise. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after a time the attacks ceased entirely.

Many more might be given had we room. On the recommendation of people of Lowell, who know us, we ask you to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

The Old Council—How it Died.

Monday morning at nine o'clock, or as soon thereafter as a quorum of the members were present, the council of 1888-9 met for its last session before dissolution should overtake it. The members were unaccustomed to getting around so early in the morning and it was observed that Messrs. Stover and Brown had just tumbled out of bed in their haste to get there on time, and gave their garments the final hitch and adjustment after arriving in the council chamber. The five members on hand at a reasonable time after 9 o'clock were Messrs. Robert Cole, Ed. Brown, V. J. Bauer, George Potter and F. B. Stover. President Brew arrived later, but in time to preside. Clerk Mitchell is always on hand and opened the exercises with the reading of the minutes of the last regular session and also of a special session. After the minutes were read Mr. Brouse [now Chief Burgess] put in appearance. The treasurer's report was read. It shows an expenditure of $19,000 and receipts of $15,000. But there is still a balance of $5,000 on tax duplicate of 1887 and of $9,000 for 1888—also $6000 in Sinking fund, placing the borough in an improved financial condition, as will be seen by the statement when published. Henry H Montgomery chief of police, resigned his place on the police force, his resignation to take effect on the first Monday in March. The resignation was laid on the table for the present. Mr. Ed. Brown tried to choke off the President's speech by a motion to adjourn, but he nevertheless thanked the members for their courtesy and kindness during the year.

The New Council in Session.

Hon John Blair Linn was on hand at 10 o'clock to administer the oath to the new members—Messrs. Will Hillibish, Samuel Gault and John Howley.

Mr. F. B. Stover was elected President, Isaac Mitchell clerk, Clement Dale, Esq., solicitor and Samuel Ryan, engineer at the water works. The council then adjourned to meet Monday evening.

—The season of Lent, which lasts forty days, was ushered in with Ash Wednesday, which occurs on the 6th inst., Wednesday of this week. With the exception of Good Friday, it is regarded perhaps as the most solemn day in this religious period, which is observed more or less strictly by the Roman Catholic church and many of the Protestant churches. These several churches also hold frequent services during this period, and it is regarded as peculiarly an appropriate time for penitence, fasting and prayer. It commemorates the forty days which Christ passed in the wilderness, during which he fasted and prayed unceasingly and is supposed to have more thoroughly prepared himself for the three years of suffering which he experienced for the sake of fallen humanity.

It was Lacking.

A woman in the waiting room of the Third Street Depot the other day had a great deal of trouble with one of her two children—a boy of 7 or 8—and a man who sat near her stood it as long as possible and then observed:

"Madam, that boy of yours needs the strong hand of a father."

"Yes, I know it," she replied, "but he can't have it. His father died when he was 6 years of age, and I've done my best to get another man and failed. He can't have what I can't get."

—George R. Vosburg, manager of John E Dubois's lumber business, is home in DuBois from a business trip East. He says lumber is selling better now than it has any time for the past four or five years. He made sales of a large amount, and could have sold much more, but preferred to wait until later in the season, when, he says, prices will get higher. As Mr. Vosburg sells more dollars' worth of lumber every year than probably any other man in the State, his action in holding out of the market is significant.

—The Australian system of voting is not confined to that country, but there is where it was first tried. It is used in fifteen different countries and by 85,000,000 people. Its enemies have been converted to it by the success it has met with. The system was adopted in the Australian colonies in 1856; in Great Britain in 1872; Belgium in the same year, Austria in 1873, Ontari in 1874, Quebec in 1875, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg 1879, Italy 1882, Norway 1884, Kentucky, Wisconsin and Massachusetts in 1888.

Death of Commissioners' Clerk W. R. Mattern.

After a painful and distressing illness, of pneumonia, Mr. W. R. Mattern died at 8 o'clock on Sunday morning at his home in Unionville. Mr. Mattern was a well-known, much esteemed and intelligent gentleman. He was married and leaves a wife and three children, one of whom is only a week old. During three years he served as clerk to the present board of county commissioners.

—A couple of individuals, whose names we have heard given as Garis and Loveland, became excited by the fact that the soldiers were circulating around in their uniforms, on Saturday afternoon, and fell to pummeling one another. Loveland came out of the encounter with some bruises on his face. We did not see the other individual, but suppose he escaped without any special injury.

TO PRESERVE THE SOFTNESS OF FLANNEL GARMENTS, FOLLOW CAREFULLY THESE DIRECTIONS FOR WASHING.

Dissolve thoroughly in boiling water some IVORY SOAP, shaved fine. Add sufficient warm water to wash the flannels in one by one.

Don't rub any soap on the flannels, but knead them well in the solution.

Don't rinse them in plain water, use a fresh supply of the solution, warm, and well blued, for the purpose.

Don't wring tightly with the hands, use a clothes-wringer. The freer from water you get these garments the softer they will be.

Hang them out immediately, if the weather will permit; if not, dry before the fire. If left to stand wet, the flannel will certainly shrink.

Never wash flannel in water too hot to bear your hand in.

Never rinse them in cold water.

Always use IVORY SOAP, it is the best, much experience has proved this.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1885, by Procter & Gamble.

—It is stated that there is a bill before the legislature which, if it becomes a law, will stop hunting entirely and as such an act would be entirely wrong its passage should be prevented. It declares quail, pheasants, red, black and gray squirrels, raccoons, opossums and deer the personal property of the owners of the land on which they abide or range, and it makes it a penal offense to hunt, trap or kill, except by the written consent of the owners of the land, any of these animals or birds. The legislature is doing well this term, but its efforts should be limited to making useful laws and we guess it will discountenance this bill.

—The attendance at the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Sunday numbered about 30. A quartette composed of Messrs. Weaver, Lukenbach, Shuey and Whippo, with C. U. Hoffer as organist, sang very sweetly and added wonderfully to the interest of the exercises. The subject next Sunday afternoon will be "The Triumphs of Faith," Hebrews 11:1—10, Mr. Chas. F. Cook will be the leader.

—One thing is absolutely certain. The inauguration, occurring on Monday, broke the Sabbath all to pieces. The time when a majority of the people started to Washington (Saturday night) caused them to travel most of Sunday. People are becoming so accustomed to this sort of thing that the sin seems to be less serious to them, but the punishment is sure to follow.

—Bellefonte inaugurated Harrison on Saturday evening, or at least it looked like an inauguration when the very large assembly of spectators gathered at the station to see the soldier boys depart. There were handsome and homely men in the crowd and lovely girls as well as a few who were not so lovely.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Sold by F. Potts Green Druggist, Bellefonte.

21-1-6m

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN

Acute Torture Cured.

7 DOCTORS.

"The New York Morning Journal" says: "Mrs. F. G. Kellogg, 56 East 99th street, lay for seven days in convulsions. She employed the best medical skill, but her case baffled their best endeavors. One physician after another was engaged and discharged, until seven different doctors had tried to cure or help her and failed. She spent four weeks at a Health Lift, but her case remained a problem which could not be solved. Her body was in a paralyzed condition.

1 BOTTLE.

"Her death was looked for at any time. Everything indorsed by the leading pharmacists was tried, until her case was given up as hopeless. At last, reading of the wonderful cures credited to the use of the celebrated St. Jacobs Oil, she was induced to try a bottle as a last hope. She began to improve from the time the first application was made. By the continued use of this Great Remedy, Mrs. Kellogg has completely recovered."

ITS CURES ARE WITHOUT RELAPSE; WITHOUT RETURN OF PAIN.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

EXERCISE FOR CHILDREN.

Instinctive gymnastics is, from the hygienic point of view, the best adapted to the regular developement of the child. It is not liable to any of the objections we have brought against gymnastics with apparatus. It cannot deform the body, for it is made up of spontaneous movements, and conforms to the natural office of each limb. It does not localize the work in a particular region of the body, for all the limbs are instinctively invited to take their quota of exercise; and it does not seduce the child into efforts touching upon the limits of his strength. Instinct also invites him to the kind of work which is best adapted to his particular aptitudes for resisting fatigue. He has a natural disposition to perform light but frequently recurring acts, quick motions, which put him out of breath, while exercises with apparatus rather exact slow and intense efforts that bring on local fatigue. Now, all observers have noticed the wonderful facility with which a child recovers his breath, and his impatience of local fatigue. Finally, natural exercise, being the satisfaction of a want, is by that very fact a pleasure; and joy shines in the face of a child who is playing freely.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

—Mr. Willis Rowe, of the Brown Brothers' furniture firm, has purchased the valuable property on Howard street recently owned by Mr. Williams, of Philipsburg. It is most excellently located and has a depth on Ridge street of over 200 feet. It is Mr. Rowe's intention to greatly improve this property and perhaps divide the rear portion into building lots which he will sell at very reasonable rates. He may build a residence for his own occupancy on the Howard street part of the property.

—There was a decidedly pleasant festivity at Mr. Achenbach's parlors on Bishop street last Friday evening. It was a private supper served in very fine style. The friends of Messrs Allison and Singer were entertained by them, the feast being an important part of the entertainment. The tables were very handsomely decorated and their appearance was regarded as quite a triumph in that respect and highly creditable to Mr. Achenbach, who superintended their arrangement.

Two Deaths.

On Saturday evening a young man named Omet Bierley, living in Beaver's Row, along the pike, died suddenly of apoplexy. He was about twenty-one years of age. We were not acquainted with deceased, but learn that he was the son of a widow woman.

On Sunday one of the Finlandess employed by McCalmont & Co., died of brain fever.

A Sure Test.

Bessie—Ma and pa have been quarreling, haven't they?

Willie—Yup.

Bessie—Which one got the worst of it, do you know?

Willie—Not yet. I'm waiting to see which one of them slams the door going out.

—It will be several days before Kelly, O'Hara & Brown begin work in their new radiator manufactory, the line shafting being in such poor condition that it must be replaced.

A STUPENDOUS MYSTERY.

Proctor declares that few even among scientific men appreciate the amazing mystery of the force we call gravity. Wonderful as is the familiar attraction of bodies to the earth, gravitation is altogether a greater mystery when considered as a property possessed by matter. The universality of the property which belongs not merely to this or that substance, but to every substance, solid, liquid or gaseous, and not to such aggregations of matter, but to the ultimate molecules and atoms is an amazing, if not an appalling mystery. Here is matter, which men call inert, not merely possessing inherent force, but with its whole texture instinct with inherent, unexplained, probably inexplicable power. But if the universality of gravitation, and the infinite range of the force thus exerted by all matter are wonderful, infinitely more wonderful is the instantaneous nature of its operation. This quality of universal gravitation is indeed, so wonderful that few who hear of it for the first time can even admit that it is possible. Yet the astronomer has been able to demonstrate that the inverval of time required for gravity to extend its action from one body in space to any other body, even if separated by a distance so great that light at 187,000 miles per second takes thousands of years to cross it, in less than any interval which can be measured.—Trenton (N.J.) *American.*

Cease your coughing and enjoy refreshing slumber, which Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will insure you.

'Are you going to the races?' 'Yes, and bet on the winning horse.' 'Not the handsome Abdullah, he is lame. Didn't you know?' 'I'll whisper in your ear, he'll win. They're using Salvation Oil.'

Marriage Under Protest.

From the New York Herald.

The Supreme court of Michigan has been called upon to say whether a ceremony performed under these circumstances constituted a valid marriage:

The girl charged her parents with forcing her into marriage with a man she did not want to wed. During the ceremony she told the justice "if he tied the knot forty times it would not stay tied;" that she "did not like the man" and would not live with him. "They made me stand up," she continued, "and when I was asked whether I would take him to be my husband I said, 'No, I won't,' and on every question asked me that I ought to have answered 'yes' I said 'no' plain and the next day I ran away."

In spite of this very unusual conduct the justice camly proceeded to pronounce the pair man and wife, with the customary congratulation, and the ceremony was held legal by the circuit court. The Supreme court, however, says "a concurring consent by two minds at the same instant" is essential to a legal marriage, and that the ceremony in this case was not valid because the girl did not consent to it.

The finest teas, coffees, spices and all kinds of groceries at the Eureka, next door to post office.

—An absent-minded ice cutter at York the other day sawed completely around the piece of ice upon which he was standing, and suddenly went under in ten feet of water. Luckily for him, another workman speedily came to his rescue. This story will go hand-in-hand with the one which tells us of a woodsman who sawed off the limb of a tree upon which he was sitting, precipitating himself to the ground below. In the language of our grandmothers, "Why don't you have your wits about you?"

Honey in the comb at the Eureka Grocery next door to post office.

There is a haunted mill at Marshall, Ill. The machinery is heard running at night, exactly as if water were turned on. The people are unable to explain the mystery, and few are bold enough to go near the mill after dark.

SULPHUR BITTERS

THE GREAT German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Billous Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling? If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and work shops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS it never fails to cure.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

HAD AN INTERESTING HISTORY.

How the Life of Robert Cooke, Sen., was Associated with the Annals of Pennsylvania and Centre County.

It would be of much interest to refer to the ancestry of Robert Cooke, Sen., in connection with this notice of his life, but want of time and opportunity for inquiring for accurate details forbid. We know that he belonged to a family who for several generations were conspicuous in the history of this state. He was a lineal descendant of the distinguished Colonel Cooke, who, before the Revolutionary war, was the builder and first commander of Fort Augusta, where the town of Sunbury, Pa., now stands. His father, we are quite sure, was a soldier and took part in the early wars in this country.

Robert Cooke inherited the strong mind and the vigorous physical endowments of his race. He lived to be 78 years of age and he at present has a brother residing in Muncy, Lycoming county, who is upwards of 80 years of age and who is as straight as an arrow, retaining much of youthful vigor. It was in Northumberland that Robert was born and reared. He came to this county about the year 1856 and located in the delightful town of Howard, where he at once assumed a commanding and influential position. His wife, who has for so many years been the partner of his joys—and sorrows, too, though they were few—still survives him.

The deceased reared a large family, and we only know of one who preceeded him into the land beyond the door of death—that was Irvin, who, when he was old enough to engage in business, was in the service of Adams Express Company. Two daughters are living—Miss Alice, who is still at the paternal homestead and Mrs. Perry Long, who lives in Howard. The surviving sons are Jacob, the proprietor of a hotel in Woodstock, W. Va. Robert, who is the High Sheriff of Centre county; Walter, station agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Howard; John W., a prominent lumber and coal dealer, living on Allegheny street in this place; Clarence, who lives in Howard and deals in lumber and paper wood, and Charles, who is the trusted and popular traveling agent for a boot and shoe manufacturing firm.

When the Republican party first had its birth Mr. Cooke expressed its sentiments strongly and ever since has been bold and aggressive in this predominant and enduring party. He engaged in the mercantile business which he pursued with great success. He was also, during many years, the trusted agent at Howard for the Adams Express Company and we doubt not that the company will testify that they never had to represent their one who was more faithful and correct. To make a good record was a subject of pride with him. With his sterling qualities of character, he was also eccentric in many ways and impressed his strong individuality upon all with whom he came in contact. This will cause him to be remembered as long as those who knew him shall live.

He was in excellent health until two weeks ago, when, one day, at work in the cellar of his store, he was seized with a violent chill, which prostrated him for several days. Recovering from this illness and returning again to the store, he once more went to the cellar on Wednesday of this week to draw some molasses, when a similar attack of illness afflicted him. He was unable to rally and died on Thursday evening, the 28th of February.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflamation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon.

Trial bottles free at W C Keplinger & Co's Drugstore.

Enormous Profits.

In a carefully written article on the amount of iron and steel made in the mills of Allegheny county, from Feb. 1, 1888, to Feb. 1, 1889, the Pittsburg *Commoner* says: "The firm of Carnegie Bros. & Co., which, as an iron and steel firm, stands out at the head of the world, turned out at the Edgar Thompson Steel Works 125,000 tons of steel rails, at the Bessemer Mill at Homestead, they made 62,500 tons, and in this city in the Union Mill at Thirty third street, 65,000 tons, and at the Union Iron and Forge Mills at Twenty-ninth street, 30,000 tons. That makes a total of 282,500 tons in the four works, giving them a profit of $3,120,000. This firm also controls and owns, from the 20 blast furnaces in Allegheny county, nine of the largest ones. The output from all was 900,000 tons, and nearly one-half of it was from these nine furnaces, which is a still further profit of $1,000,000. That would be a total profit of $4,120,000, and as the most time worked was 260 days in any of these works, it would make it for each day $15,075, of which Mr. Carnegie gets 60 per cent., which is the controlling interest, not considering the Keystone bridge works and all other plants with which he is connected. But for every working day in the year Mr. Carnegie's income has been $10,000, and even more for the last three years."

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Compiaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

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Mt. Eagle Matters.

MT. EAGLE, Feb. 28, 1899.

For first class hair cutting call on Herbert Reeder.

Mr. John Diehl is favoring Mt. Eagle with his presence.

Splendid skating on the canal.

T. B. Stahl, the excellent miller at Stein's mill, makes first-class flour.

Jake Confer came home from the woods suffering with a bad cut on his knee.

Mrs William Yearick is recovering after a period of severe illness.

Joe Dunkel's youngest child is very ill.

T. S. Bower's child is suffering with a severe attack of lung fever.

Leathers' handle factory is now running briskly.

W. T. Leathers, Sen., expects to have a sale in the near future.

Rev. Headly preached a very interesting discourse last Sunday evening.

Mrs. Boney returned home after a short visit to her daughter at the Intersection.

Sergus Pletcher lost a fine mare by death, the animal having the misfortune to break her leg.

Charles Leathers seemed very sleepy in church on Sunday evening. Guess he had been at Howard on Saturday night. O. K.

The Population of Bellefonte

Is about 5,000, and we should say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial size free. Sold by all druggist.

On the Way to Church.

BELLEFONTE, February 28, 1889.

MR. EDITOR.—On Wednesday evening the walks were very slippy, and Reservoir hill especially so. It chanced that several young ladies were descending the hill on their way to church, when two of them took a notion that they would roll down instead of walk. We have heard of some church going people being referred to as "backsliders," but these young ladies concluded to try the art of rolling. When they reached the foot of the hill they got up and brushed off the snow and asked one another if they were hurt. Although each one answered no, they concluded that walking would be a safer and more agreeable exercise in the future. By way of variety, they might try a toboggan next time. CONTRIBUTOR.

Dr. Theel, the renowned Specialist has cured more cases of special, kidney, blood and nervous diseases than all others combined. The power of healing that the Doctor possesses is no doubt due to his complete, practical knowledge of the allopathic, homœopathic and eclectic system of medicine. We would advise those suffering to consult him in person or by letter. Office 538 North 4th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Bring Back the Books.

Mr. Wash Rees, who is now in charge of the Y. M. C. A. Library, tells us that many of the choicest volumes are missing and asks us to request those who have them out to return them at once, to save him the trouble of going or sending for them in person. If you have forgotten whether you have one or not, examine your books and if you find one with the Y. M. C. A. label in it, return the book at once.

Happy and Hungry.

For over five years I was a constant sufferer with that most terrible and annoying disease dyspepsia. After paying out hundreds of dollars, the only medicine I found that would do me good was Sulphur Bitters. Six bottles cured me. Now I can eat well and am happy and hungry.—[EDITOR.

—The editors and publishers have agreed upon and recommended to the Legislature a new law on libel. We believe it allows the editor even greater privileges than before. Under the present law, however, the provisions are quite satisfactory as it is entirely unnecessary to perpetrate a libel in any well conducted newspaper, unless the saying that "the greater the truth the greater the libel" be the criterion.

—A daughter of Mrs. Meritt, of Clearfield, died last Saturday of cold and hunger. The overseers of Boggs township, that county, who were responsible for her care, have been arrested for neglect of duty. It would seem that all the inhabitants of the township should be arrested and punished for permitting such an occurrence in this Christian land and age.

A Ball in Tyrone, which though Enjoyable was Slightly Inharmonious.

It transpired on Thursday evening of last week, the 21st of February, a private ball was given in the ambitious town of Tyrone. It took place in Mr. Miller's gallery and was attended by a large company of Tyrone young people and by some from surrounding towns, including Bellefonte. Unfortunately, or otherwise a spirit of what we call cliqueism pervades Tyrone and some of the people have imbibed an idea that they must know all about the kind of a dress was worn by the great-grandmother of an individual before he is treated with cordiality. Hence, two young gentlemen from Bellefonte who happened to be in the company found at first a coolness on the part of a few of the girls. They stared at them through their eyeglasses, until it was whispered in their several ears that the Bellefonte gentlemen were unexceptional in every respect, when each and every Tyrone girl pressed forward and with hysterical sobs asked to be forgiven. The gentlemen said that they would forgive but not forget, and hereafter when they attended a ball in Tyrone they would expect the ladies to treat them as cordially at one time as another. Some one in Tyrone sends to us the following lines dedicated to the event and the high society girls, which the Bellefonte attendants will appreciate:

There are some lady dude-esses
Who only have one change of dresses.
On the ball they were bent
And sure they'd "have went"
Had it not been for the cookesses.

So to investigate the matter
Their dude beaux they sent on the sly
To see what for crowd they could spy:
They swore by the books they saw none but cooks,

So the dude and dudesses did cry.
If with such a crowd we should book
Society on us would no longer look;
Consultation ensued 'twixt dude-ess and dude.
Verdict—they cannot mix with the cook.

—At a point near Mapleton, Huntingdon county, there has been visible at night a certain mysterious light. It was always brighter in February. Curious and highly respectable citizens recently went to investigate the cause and found the blacked bones of a man. Since the discovery of the skeleton the strange light has disappeared. The theory is that the bones are the remains of Captain Jack Armstrong, who, long ago, was murdered there by an Indian and his remains were never buried. The light, says the news scribe is sufficiently accounted for by certain well known natural laws, though he does not explain the laws to the astonished public.

—General Greely, of the Weather Bureau, believes that the outlook is favorable for good weather next Monday. He admits, however, that there is unprecedently stormy weather at Astoria, Washington Territory which may sweep across the country. In short, Mr. Greely is about as wise as the rest of us—he knows nothing about it,

WANTED MAN To take the agency of our Safes; size 2x1x1x18 inches; weight 500 lbs.; retail price $35; other sizes in proportion. A rare chance and permanent business. These Safes meet a demand never before supplied by other Safe companies, as we are not governed by the Safe Pool. Address ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

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BEST STEEL WIRE — Woven Wire Fencing — Wire Rope Selvage

GALVANIZED

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1889—THE WEEKLY HERALD—1889

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Europe is a vast camp. Army corps patrol the frontiers, and millions of men await the signal for the most titanic war the world has ever seen.

The HERALD'S news-gathering machinery is unequalled. Its correspondents dot the habitable globe. Nothing can escape their vigilance, and no expense is spared in spreading the results of their efforts before the herald's readers.

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Miscellaneous.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I used only one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now jump around, and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CAROLL, Eureka, Nevada.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists. Mammoth testimonial paper free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt.

"Paine's Celery Compound has been a God-send to me. For the past two years I have suffered with neuralgia of the heart, doctor after doctor failing to cure me. I have now taken nearly four bottles of the Compound, and am free from the complaint. I feel very grateful to you." CHAS. H. LEWIS, Central Village, Ct.

Paine's Celery Compound

"I have been greatly afflicted with acute rheumatism, and could find no relief until I used Paine's Celery Compound. After using six bottles of this medicine I am now cured of rheumatic troubles." SAMUEL HUTCHINSON, Sq. Cornish, N. H.

Effects Lasting Cures.

Paine's Celery Compound has performed many other cures as marvelous as these. Scores of letters sent to any address. Pleasant to take, does not disturb, but aids digestion, and entirely vegetable; a child can take it. What's the use of suffering longer with rheumatism or neuralgia?

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TWENTY-FIVE CENTS — TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of safety, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.

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Mrs. C. Filkin, Montezuma, N. Y.

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DON'T BUY YOUR Rubber Boots until you have seen the "COLCHESTER" with "Extension Edge" & Napoleon Top. This is the best fitting and MOST DURABLE BOOT in the market. Made of the Best PURE GUM stock. The "Extension Edge" protects the upper, adds to wear of the Sole by giving broader treading surface. AND SAVES MONEY FOR THE WEARER.

DON'T BUY YOUR ARCTICS UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN THE COLCHESTER ARCTIC with "Outside Counter." Ahead of ALL others in style & durability. If you want the worth of your money try the Colchester with "OUTSIDE COUNTER."

KEPT HERE BY BEST STORES. At wholesale by J. E. DAYTON & CO., WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

An Unique Literary Production by a Bellefonte Young Lady.

We understand that great interest is manifested in the literary work of the Academy by the pupils of that institution. There are three societies—the Philathenian, which is made up of the oldest students of both sexes, having twenty-five members enrolled; the intermediate society and the primary society. The first society is in the charge of Miss Julia Reed and Mr. James R. Hughes, the second in under the care of the Principal, and Miss Emma Hughes gives direction and guidance to the third.

The principal part of Friday afternoon is devoted to this interesting and important feature of educational work, and many superior and excellent performances occur at the different meetings of the societies.

It will be noticed that the unique and novel story printed below introduces and weaves in with remarkable ingenuity the titles and characters of many of Longfellow's poems. The interest of the present week centered largely about Longfellow, as the anniversary of his birth was celebrated, and on Friday afternoon one of the young lady members of the Philathenian society read the following brief story, which will be appreciated by persons who are familiar with the poet's writings:

A LONGFELLOW STORY.

"The Day is Done." "The Evening Star" shines brightly in the heavens. "Evangeline," sitting in the doorway of the cottage of "The Village Blacksmith," is listening to "The Slave in the Dismal Swamp" singing "It is not always May." Suddenly "A Shadow" came between her and the "Flowers," which she could see by "The Light of the Stars" and "The Fire of Drift-wood" which sent its glow through "The Open Widow" from "The Chamber over the Gate." Looking up she beheld "John Alden," the captain of the "Phantom Ship," which had sailed the day before "To the River Charles." He held "The Broken Oar" in his hand. Asking him why he returned so soon, he replied: "When sailing past "The Light House" near "The Castle by the Sea," I was hailed by the "The Black Knight" who asked me to take him to "The Golden Mile-stone" which "The Discoverer of the North Cape" had concealed as "The Secret of the Sea." "The Black Knight" had escaped from "The Wreck of the Hesperus" with "The Goblet of Life," which "The Norman Baron" had entrusted to him for "The Children of the Lord's Supper." I brought him to land and told him "The Blind Girl of Castel-Cuille" and "The Nun of Nidaros" were the witnesses of "The Golden Mile-stone" that he would find under "The Statue over the Cathedral door"

Having given him "The Warning" of "The Skeleton in Armor," I left him. "Evangeline" was much interested in in this tale. After spending the night at "The Wayside Inn" with "Three Friends of Mine," "John Alden" arose at "Daybreak" and with the "Four Princes at Wilna" started out for a few "Holidays." They wished to find "The Herons of Elmwood," which were in "Woodstock Park." Crossing "The Bridge" that led to "The two Rivers," they could hear "The Sound of the Sea" in the distance. "The Wave" dashed up against the rocks "Whither" they had gone in search of "Seaweed." At "twilight" when "The Tides" were rushing in the "Three Kings," who were superintending "The Building of the Ship," came from "The Light house" singing a "Drinking Song." They come up from the shore and sitting "On the terrace of the Aigaldes" in the "Moonlight" together sing the "Hymn to the Night."

The Bellefonte Police,

We hear that Capt. Henry Montgomery has resigned the position of Chief of Police to take effect on Saturday. The Captain is an excellent officer and we are sorry that he has seen fit to resign.

A new idea in connection with the borough police was suggested to us the other day and we give it for what it is worth, without favoring or condemning it.

It is that two professional city police be procured from a distance, at sufficient salaries to do police duty. It is urged in favor of such a plan that they would be without friends or enemies here, would not distinguish the rich transgressor of law from the one that is poor, and exact justice in the way of punishment would be meted out to all. They would do their duty without fear or favor. It is believed that such a move would be in the interest of law and order.

It is certainly a suggestion which deserves consideration, whether adopted or not, and now that a change will be necessary is the proper time to consider it.

—The thirteenth annual session of the Grand Castle, K. G. E., of Pennsylvania, will be held in Harrisburg, commencing April 2d, at Shakespeare Hall, 214 Locust street. The session will probably last three days. Several important amendments will be acted upon, including the change of time of session to the first Tuesday in May, and the question of regulating the benefits to be paid members in accordance with the amount of dues paid. It is expected that upwards of 500 Past Chiefs, including a Representative from each of the 299 Castles, will be in attendance.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—New moon last Friday.

—House hunting is still in progress.

—Spring openings of the weather are frequent.

—Gen. Hastings says that the parade is ready to start.

—The judicial contest will cost Lycoming county $25,000.

—The McAllisterville soldiers' orphan school is to be closed at once.

—Cambria county court will have 249 applications for liquor license.

—Eighty-nine conversions in the Methodist church of Clearfield.

—Potter township citizens have organized a horse insurance company.

—Mrs. Commerford, of Howard, is an applicant for the post-office at that place.

—Charles Spangler, of Huntingdon county, shot a white fawn 6 feet 10 inches between tips.

—The bill to prohibit the sale of liquor on Decoration day passed the senate by a vote of 28 to 10.

—The postmaster at Mt, Carmel, Pa., appropriated $1300 of government funds and has been removed from office.

—We regret to learn of the death on Thursday evening, at Howard, of Robt. Cooke, Sen., father of Sheriff Robert Cooke.

-Penn township is rejoicing over the erection of new church buildings in its bounds, and also wants new school houses.

—Pheasants are eating the buds of apple trees in Union township, Mifflin county, since the ground is covered with snow.

—March is here. It is a month which always bears a reputation for storm and disagreeable weather, but some times it is agreeably disappointing in this respect.

—There is a great deal of coasting on the pavements. While it is a pleasing amusement to the young people it is attended with danger to both coasters and pedestrians.

—Another letter from base ballist J. M. Ward was published in Thursday's Philadelphia *Press*. His conclusion is that the Australians were favorably impressed with the game.

—Mr. Sober, of this county, can now claim to be the champion marksman of the world, as all other aspirants to that honor have refused to accept his challenge for a trial of skill.

—We notice that the firm of S. & A. Loeb, general merchants, was dissolved on Friday by mutual consent. This strong and prosperous business will be continued at the same place.

—Mr. Ward, a dentist from Pine Grove Mills, is moving to this place and will establish dental headquarters in Crider's building. He comes here with an excellent reputation for ability.

—The Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workingmen, which has been in session in Pittsburg, resolved to meet next time in Williamsport, on the fourth Tuesday in February, 1889.

—The people of Philipsburg were so much pleased with the lecture, "Acres of Diamonds," delivered by Rev. Russell H. Conwell, that they induced the eloquent gentleman to remain another night and lecture on "The Silver Crown; or Born a King,"

—The mock trial is developing excellently and will be ready for Thursday evening next in Y. M. C. A. hall. It is a murder case. Mr. Francis Speer is the prosecuting attorney and Mr. A. L. Miller for the defense. John Blanchard, Esq., we hear, will be the judge.

—On Thursday, the 28th, at 12 o'clock a notable wedding event occurred at the home of Mr. Ira C. Leathers, of Marion township. His daughter, Miss Emma Leathers, was married to Mr. Joseph Gardner. It was the occasion for a very large gathering of friends and the presents were valuable and beautiful.

—The funeral of the late Mr. A. C. Hinton, of Moshannon, which occurred on Wednesday, was probably as large as any ever held in this county. All the country around attended and the cortege is said to have been a mile in length. There were over one hundred Odd Fellows present. Rev. Mr. Bedford was the officiating minister.

—About ten days ago a Hungarian was badly injured at Pott's ore bank. The injuries to one of his legs were such as necessitated the amputation of that member. On Wednesday he was brought here and Drs. Harris, Seibert and Hayes very skillfully performed that surgical operation on Wednesday afternoon. The operation was satisfactory to all of these medical gentlemen and the unfortunate man is at present doing well.

—Among the important changes of residence this year will be that of Mr. Potts and daughters who, we understand, have leased the residence at present occupied by Mrs. T. R. Reynolds and will remain there during the next two years. It will make a very delightful home for them. When Mrs. Reynolds returns from Washington she will locate in the pleasant and commodious apartments recently occupied by the First National Bank, on Allegheny street.

HAPPY HOWARD.

Progressive Euchre—Blown up by Bombs—An Elopement—Deaths—Black Measles—Sickness—Accidents—And Jolly times Generally

Rev. Trumphfeller and family left for Cumberland Co., Pa., on the 27th ult.

A child of Mr. Charles Strunk is sick with the black measels, and not expected to recover.

Miss Annie Reed, of Woodland, Clearfield county, whilst visiting here, captured the hearts of some of our young men.

The other evening whilst a party of friends of one of our merchants were amusing themselves in his establishment two bombs burst under the table causing all to make a hasty retreat.

Mr. John Graden buried a two year old child on last Monday. Black measels was the cause of the child's death. The family have our sympathy in their distress.

Daniel Kline, aged 21 years and ten months, son of Samuel Kline, Esq., was buried on last Tuesday.

John McCummin's child, which was mentioned in our last as being ill died on Wednesday evening last.

The Syracuse House, Jacob De Hass proprietor, continues to be the popular stopping place for travelers.

Jacob Robb's children are down with diptheria.

Howard Cornet Band will give an entertainment in Lucas' Hall this Saturday evening, March 2d.

Will McClintic, our livery man, is down with pneumonia.

Last Friday an accident occurred to John Diets. His horse frightened at the train, upsetting his rig; breaking the tongue, causing Sallie Wister and Elsie Long to scramble to the top of a pile of ties to escape from being run over.

Miss Annie Dinges, of Centre Hall, is visiting at Dr. L R Hensyl's

Mr. Christ Schenck had three of his fingers smashed while loading lumber on a car for Jack Bell.

John Stricklen, one of the popular young men of this place, met with quite an accident in the Evangelical church last Sunday evening.

Mr. Jack Bell is rushing his lumber and wood job on the Muncie mountain.

D Z K line, his lady and daughter, of Bellefonte, were in attendance at the funeral of young Daniel Kline.

J Shuman Holter has sold his house and lot in our borough, to James Kane. Price $650.

Harry Stitzer is confined to his room for possessing one of Job's comforters.

Last Monday night, Miss Aquilla Thomas gave a progressive euchre party to her friends, the Misses Annie Hopkins, Minnie Spitzer, Jennie Pletcher, Sallie Lucas, Betty Stitzer and their young gentlemen friends.

A social party came off at Mr. Harvey Pifer's on last Thursday night. Several of Howard's society people were in attendance as well as guests from a distance. A general good time was had by all and Mr. and Mrs. Pifer proved themselves to be royal entertainers.

Mr. Thomas Bows who was chronicled last week as losing one of his children by diptheria, has four more prostrated with the same disease.

Mrs. William Williams, of Beech Creek, is visiting her son, W. E. Confer, of this place.

Misses Mable Moore and Della Trumphfeller, took dinner with Miss Nannie Lucas on last Sunday.

Col. James Lucas has made an improvement on his usual good looks by shaving off his moustache.

Train dispatcher, Mr. Monagel, of Renovo, attended the funeral of young Daniel Kline.

O. G. Allison who has been a resident of this place for the past twelve years, has removed to Cedar Run.

John Heverly, who is employed at Sandy Ridge, paid his home a short visit this week.

Last Tuesday night some one attempted to break into the house of W. H. Neff, but was frightened off by his son Edward.

Rev. Jos. King preached his farewell sermon in the Evangelical church, last Sunday evening. Mr. King is an excellent and forcible preacher and gave general satisfaction.

Mr. Robert Cooke, Sen., had another relapse on Wednesday last and at present writing is not expected to survive. He is the oldest resident merchant in the place and is aged 78 years.

News reached us from Eagleville of an elopement of a single man and a married woman of that place. It is said that that community is considerably excited over the unfortunate affair.

Misses Ida Johnson, Ida Snyder, Lottie Snyder and George Perry, of Lock Haven, visited Misses Belle and Edith Holter, of this place last week.

Strange Affliction of the Head.

Dr. Thomas Rotherick tells us that he has suffered for years from an acute affliction of the right ear and side of his head, constant discharge and excruciating headache, which he attributes to the constant exposure when the army crossed the Potomac into Virginia in 1861, from July 1st to the 4th. The membranes of the brain appear to be affected, also secondarily affliction of the kidneys, threatening Diabetes with all its horrors. The Doctor informs us that he has not been able to practice for years on the above account, and there appears to be little hope of ever being permanently relieved from the malady.

A THRILLING EVENT IN SNOW SHOE

ROBERT COOPER'S DWELLING HOUSE BURNED—SEVERAL NARROW ESCAPES FROM DEATH.

When the wild and thrilling alarm of fire was heard in Snow Shoe on Wednesday night it startled all who heard it. It was seen at once that the dwelling house owned and occupied by Robert Cooper and family was in flames. It was late in the night and the flames had gained considerable headway before any persons in the house were alarmed. We suppose that all were asleep until awakened by the smothering smoke and darting flames. It was useless to attempt to save anything and the appalling fact was evident that even their lives were in great danger. There was no possibility of escape in the usual way and ladders were procured and placed at a second story window. Through this and down the ladder, aided by willing hands, the family escaped, clad only in their night clothing.

To add to the distress of the occasion, there is no insurance on either the house or the contents and the loss is total.

Three Plans for a Church Structure.

At Mr. H. Y. Stitzer's bookstore there are three different plans, for the Lutheran congregation to select from, for their new church edifice. We have not examined the drawings of the interior and cannot describe them at present, but the exterior of each one presents a fine appearance. That submitted by a Pittsburg architect is exquisite. Everything about the building corresponds perfectly and makes an excellent impression on eye. If this plan is adopted the building will be of stone. Our excellent and increasingly popular architect, Mr. Robert Cole, has also submitted a plan which at once attracts by its beauty. We hope the committee will give it careful consideration. The tower provided for in this plan is certainly very handsome. This building, we believe, is to be of brick with stone trimmings. We don't know where the other plans came from, but learn that the architect who prepared them has planned some of the finest church buildings in the country. The object of the meeting on Saturday afternoon was to select from these or some other which will be submitted.

Death of John Cooney.

Once again the angel of death has visited our community and claimed as one of his own a blossom of youth, one on whom fortune was only beginning to dawn brightly and for whom it seemed a bright future was in store, viz., John Cooney who slept peacefully away on Wednesday at noon after an illness of ten weeks. But while we feel sad o'er the loss of this child, pupil and playmate, with whom we have been associated from childhood, we are reminded once again "that in the midst of life we are in death."

It cannot be! each hope and fear
That lights the eye or clouds the brow,
Proclaims there is a happier sphere
Than this bleak world that holds us now.
There is a voice which sorrow hears,
When heaviest weighs life's galling chain.
'Tis heaven that whispers "Dry thy tears";
"The pure in heart shall meet again".

K. M. P.

[Johnny Cooney, whose death is thus touchingly alluded to, was a son of Mr. Michael Cooney. He was about 9 years of age. His death occurred on Wednesday at noon. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon—Ed.]

—We are sorry the flag bill was killed, because we would like to see the American flag everywhere. It was done in the house at Harrisburg on Monday of this week, and this paragraph from the proceedings tells how it was done: The first bill on final passage was that providing for the display of the American flag over or in public school buildings while the schools are in session. There was considerable curiosity as to the fate of this bill, because of the bitter political feeling it had created on second and third readings, but the roll call showed that the parties were not divided, some Republicans voting against it and some Democrats for it. The bulk of the opposition, however, was from the Democratic side. The vote on final passage was 73 yeas to 100 nays, and the bill was killed.

—We hear with a great deal of pleasure that, after all, Kelly, O'Hara & Brown, the new radiator manufacturing firm, will locate in the car factory building here, they having purchased that property. We are sure that they will find a location here much to their advantage and we are glad that it was possible for them to secure it for a location. To be sure, we commiserate, with Milesburgers in the fact that this important enterprise has slipped from their grasp. Let them organize in Milesburg a real board of trade and they will secure everything that comes along. There's nothing equal to a board of trade.

AN HOUR WITH LONGFELLOW.

Primary Pupils in the Academy Celebrate the Anniversary of the Poet's Birth.

The pupils in Miss Emma Hughes' room at the Bellefonte Academy have been giving some attention to a study of the poets. As Wednesday was the anniversary of the birth of America's honored poet, Henry W. Longfellow, they asked a few of the friends of the school to meet with them in the afternoon and help them honor the poet's name and fame in such manner as the occasion should suggest.

After two classes had recited—one in History and one in Grammar—the exercises of the occasion began with a statement by Forest Magee of all the important events in the poet's career. It was a complete and instructive synopsis and that Forest could remember and recount so many important facts was creditable to him.

Bertha Laurie read an essay, based on the poem "Evangeline," or rather more particularly being a description of Evangeline and her home.

Katie Shugert's recitation was "Twilight," one of the prettiest of the poet's shorter productions. Adaline Harris followed in a recital of "The Old Clock on the Stairs."

The class then gave a recitation in concert of that immortal poem "The Psalm of *Life*."

Clarence Davis recited "The Courtship of Miles Standish," which is certainly a long and difficult selection to memorize so thoroughly as Clarence succeeded in doing.

Eddie L. Hughes read an essay giving in a brief and comprehensive prose form the story of "Hiawatha," with liberal quotations from that familiar and popular production.

Gracie Mitchel recited, in very captivating style, "The Old Arm Chair," and Helen Davis followed in a recitation of "The Children's Hour." Helen's memorization of the poem is perfect and her recital was most excellent.

Annie Curtin read an essay which had reference particularly to the poems which have been written by this distinguished literateur. The exercises ended with a recitation by the class of "The Building of the Ship," in which Hele Davis and Forest Magee first recited parts alone, concluded with another part which the class repeated in concert. Thus ended a most pleasant and certainly profitable literary exercise reflecting very great credit on the teacher and her apt and intelligent pupils.

Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, died on March 24, 1882. His poems hada larger sale than those of any poet of his age. He also wrote prose which ranks high for literary excellence. Though his poems are surpassed by some others in grandeur of style and loftiness of thought, none are more beautiful or appeal more forcibly to the heart and sentiment. It is well for pupils of all schools to remember such eminent men of letters and to celebrate the days which gave them to the world.

—For outrageous coarseness; low, offensive scurrility and for everything that is disgusting, the *Centre Democrat* now surpasses any political paper within our knowledge. We suppose it is thus endeavoring to impress itself upon its readers as a sound Democratic journal, but if such a course is necessary in order to establish political influence every decent individual must retire from the contest. We should think that the effect would be to disgust every respectable citizen, whether he be Democrat or Republican. The aim seems to be to apply a rough and uncouth epithet to the most respectable citizens in Bellefonte. As a villifyer of respectable citizens the *Democrat* is a success.

A Friend in Need is a Friend Indeed.

When a load of care and sorrow oppresses humanity then the one who will lift that load is a true friend. If the load cannot be removed then the only recourse is to help to bear it. It is customary among the generous people of this town to go to the assistance of people who need sympathy, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cessna, of East Lamb street, are impelled, by a sense of gratitude to their neighbors, to thank them for aid and sympathy in the time of their recent affliction, caused by the death of their baby girl, Bertie. By reason of this, their severe sorrow was greatly alleviated.

Letter List!

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Penn'a, February 25, 1889:

Michael Doucherty, Mrs. Nellie Furey, Thomas Holt, James A. Keller, Mrs. Sarah Miller, Gus Norton, Mrs. Kittie S allow, John Toner, John Weidman, Miss Kate Wilson.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised. JAS. H. LOBBINS, P. M.

—Mr. Newton Gordon on Thursday exhibited to us a very handsome plan of a church building, which he has prepared to be submitted with others to the Lutheran congregation on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Gordon's plan is certainly a very handsome one and should it be accepted the structure to adorn the prominent location on which the church is to be erected—corner of Allegheny and Linn streets—would indeed be a creditable one.

The Three Beauties.

We can mention at least three young ladies in Bellefonte who are so very beautiful and attractive that they can easily challenge any other community in this county, Blair, Lycoming or Clinton counties to produce their equals.—Bellefonte *Daily News*. Name them, if you dare, and Philipsburg will go you three better.—*Philipsburg Daily Journal*.

Instead of giving their names we will tell you what they look like and then you can judge for yourself if you can equal them. The first one has a pure, perfect complexion with considerable color, violet tinted eyes, fine figure; animated expression; is quick in her movements, splendid in conversation, bright in repartee and is fitted to adorn any station. She dresses charmingly—not imitating closely any style, but improvising styles of her own. She looks pretty and that is enough to suit our bright, independent Bellefonte girl.

Another has a complexion noticeable for its perfect whiteness; her features are regular and pretty—a kissable mouth and the other features to correspond. Her lips are a delicate red and her eyes a dreamy blue. She dresses in excellent taste, though not stunningly, and a look at her is sufficient to at once captivate the average male heart.

Number three has dark hair. Her complexion is brunette, her cheeks like a damask rose and her figure, while, of course, good, is inclined to stoutness. She smiles sweetly, dresses in bright, becoming colors and is a genuine beauty.

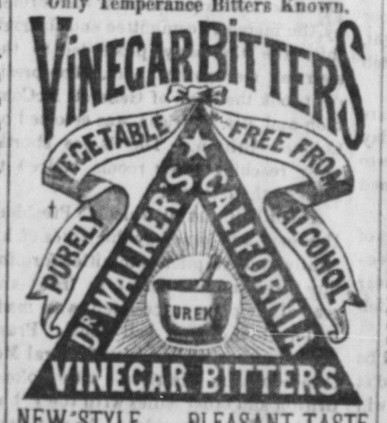
Now, we would be pleased to hear further from Philipsburg.

Charged with Murder.

On June 6, 1886, John Hughes, a resident of Cambria, one of the suburbs of Johnstown, was killed. Hughes had attended a picnic at Morrellville and returning home late at night, was run over by a Cambria Iron company engine. It is claimed that a confession has been made by William Knox to the effect that he had murdered Hughes. Knox was arrested on Wednesday, as was also Edward Bush, who is charged with being an accomplice.

The theory of the friends of Huges is that the night he met his death he and Knox and the party with Knox had a quarrel, that Knox and his companion beat Hughes to death and then placed his lifeless body on the railroad track in the hope that, by the mutilation of the cars, the true manner of his tragic end might not be suspected.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.



NEW STYLE PLEASANT TASTE

The Most Perfect Medical Preparation of the Age.

The New Style Vinegar Bitters

Is of a clear, dark reddish amber color. It has a delicious taste. It is a most invigorating tonic. It is a gentle and painless, but thorough cathartic It contains no opium. It contains no poison or hurtful drug of any sort.

New Style Vinegar Bitters purifies the blood, beautifies the complexion, strengthens the nerves, muscles and brain, drives away malaria, and keeps the system as strong as to enable it to repel infectious diseases and epidemics generally.

The organs of the body most given to shirking their regular work are the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys. A medicine that stimulates these organs into healthy action without causing pain, is invaluable.

New Style Vinegar Bitters does this, and it does the work permanently. It never robs Peter to pay Paul, as alcoholic and other (so-called) remedies do. It is a most grateful, healing medicine to all who are troubled with piles, for it relieves at once, and soon cures this most painful disorder.

It aids digestion, cures constipation, headache, billious complaints, feverishness, neuralgia, nervous diseases of every sort, and every class of skin disease known.

As a Family Medicine, for the use of ladies, children and men of sedentary habits, the New Style Vinegar Bitters has no equal in the world. It is invaluable for curing the ills that beset childhood, and gently regulates the diseases to which women at every period of life are subject.

Ladies, get a bottle from your druggist and try it. If your druggist has not the New Style Vinegar Bitters, ask him to send for it. If you once try it you will never be without this priceless remedy in the house.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

The only Temperance Bitters known

It stimulates the brain and quiets the Nerves, regulates the Bowels and renders a perfect blood circulation through the human veins, which is sure to restore perfect health.

GEO W DAVIS of 169 Baronne St., New Orleans La., writes under date May 26, 1888, as follows: "I have been going to the Hot Springs, Ark., for fifteen years for an itching humor in my blood. I have just used three bottles of Vinegar Bitters and it has done me more good than the Springs. It is the best medicine made."

JOSEPH J SAGAN, No. 75 West St., New York, says: "Have not been without Vinegar Bitters for the past twelve years, and consider it a whole medicine chest in our family."

MRS. MATILDE FURGUSON, Dryden, N Y, says: "Vinegar Bitters is the best medicine I ever tried; it saved my life."

T F BAILEY, of Humboldt, Iowa, says: "Vinegar Bitters cured me of paralysis ten years ago, and recently it cured me of rheumatism."

MRS WM A DAVIS, of Camden, N J, says: "I have suffered greatly from indigestion and bowel troubles, and Vinegar Bitters gave me great relief

JAMES H DWYER, of Worster, Mass., writes, "I always use Vinegar Bitters as a family medicine, and have the best of health."

L COLEMAN, of 77 Montgomery St., New York, writes: "I find your Vinegar Bitters a first-class tonic."

Thousands of other testimonials sent on application, also a ladies' book free.

Address, R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO., 532 Washington St., New York.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Keplinger & Co.

She Blushed.

awfully when I told her what to do for those horrid pimples with which her face was covered. She now says if you want a pink and white complexion with a nice clear smooth skin, you must use the best of all blood purifiers, Sulphur Bitters.

RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, November 26, 1888.

EASTWARD A. M	P. M			WESTWARD A. M	P. M
8 10	7 15	Leave....	Tyrone... Arrive	11 55	6 37
8 20	7 28	.....	Vail.....	11 43	6 24
8 25	7 33	.....	Bald Eagle.....	11 38	6 19
	7 39	.....	Dix f.....	11 32	6 11
8 32	7 42	.....	Fowler f.....	11 29	6 08
8 36	7 46	.....	Hannah f.....	11 26	6 05
8 45	7 55	.....	Port Matilda.....	11 19	5 56
8 51	8 05	.....	Martha.....	11 09	5 47
8 59	8 15	.....	Julian.....	11 59	5 35
9 10	8 25	.....	Unionville.....	10 48	5 24
9 18	8 35	.....	Snow Shoe Int..	10 38	5 14
9 22	8 39	.....	Milesburg.....	10 35	5 10
9 32	8 49	.....	Bellefonte.....	10 25	5 00
9 47	9 01	.....	Milesburg.....	10 12	4 48
10 01	9 11	.....	Curtin.....	10 01	4 38
10 06	9 17	.....	Mount Eagle f.....	9 54	4 32
10 16	9 27	.....	Howard	9 44	4 22
10 30	9 40	.....	Eagleville f.....	9 30	4 08
10 35	9 45	.....	Beech Creek.....	9 25	4 03
10 50	10 01	.....	Mill Hall.....	9 09	3 48
10 54	10 05	.....	Flemington f.....	9 05	3 45
11 00	10 10	Arr....	Lock Haven... Lea	9 00	3 40

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD—Time Table, November 26, 1888.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 10.25 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 11.50 a m.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.15 p m; arrives at Bellefonte at 5.20 p m.

Leaves Bellefonte at 8.05 p m. arrives at Snow Shoe at 10.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 15th, 1887.

WESTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	1 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 11	5 50
Marengo f	1 17	5 56
Loveville f	1 20	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 27	6 10
Dungarvin	1 30	6.15
Warriors Mark	1 50	6 22
Pennington	2 07	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 20	6 50
L. and T. June	2 26	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 55

EASTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 00
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 20th, 1887.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastwar. a.m.	a.m.	p.m
0	6.50	1.30	....MONTANDON....	5.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.15	1.40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.15	1.40	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.00	5.35
5.4	6.24	1.48	.....Biehl f.....	.....	8.51	5.26
5.8	6.30	1.55	.....Vicksburg f.....	.....	8.45	5.20
10.7	6.41	2.05	....MIFFLINBURG....	.....	8.35	5.0
13.1	6.48	2.11	.....Barber f.....	.....	8.29	5.01
17.2	6.54	2.16	.....Swengle f.....	.....	8.24	4.56
16.1	6.56	2.20	.....Millmont.....	.....	8.22	4.53
18.6	7.05	2.30	....LAURELTON....	.....	8.13	4.43
23.8	7.12	2.37	.....Pardee f.....	.....	8.01	4.30
24.7	7.15	2.40	.....Weiker f.....	.....	7.57	4.24
28.9	7.36	2.55	.....Cherry Run f.....	.....	7.48	4.16
32.2	7.40	3.03	.....Paddy Mt. Tunnel f..	.....	7.40	4.08
33.9	7.45	3.09	.....Fowler f.....	.....	7.36	3.57
36.6	7.52	3.15	.....Coburn.....	.....	7.27	3.55
39.6	7.58	3.25	.....Zerby f.....	.....	7.19	3.45
43.4	8.10	3.35	.....Rising Springs....	.....	7.10	3.35
46.2	8.18	3.45	.....Penn's Cave f.....	.....	7.00	3.27
49.2	8.25	3.54	....CENTRE HALL....	.....	6.52	3.20
51.6	8.33	3.59	.....Gregg f.....	.....	6.43	3.13
54.6	8.42	4.08	.....Linden Hall.....	.....	6.36	3.05
56.7	8.48	4.15	....OAK HALL....	.....	6.30	3.00
58.3	8.52	4.19	....LEMONT....	.....	6.25	2.55
60.2	8.59	4.25	.....Dale Summit f.....	.....	6.20	2.50
63.9	9.09	4.35	.....Pleasant Gap f.....	.....	6.10	2.40
65.2	9.14	4.41	.....Axeman f.....	.....	6.04	2.34
67.4	9.20	4.45	....BELLEFONTE....	.....	6.00	2.30

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager.
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 1, 1888. Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No6	No2	Dis.	STATIONS	Dis.	No1	No5	WESTWARD.
P M	A M				A M	P M	
6 20	9 10	18	Ar BELLEFONTE Lv	0	6	3 30	
6 13	9 00	17	.....Scales.....	1	6 07	3 38	
6 09	8 50	16	.....Morris F.....	2	6 11	3 42	
6 03	8 42	14	.....Whitmer F.....	4	6 19	3 50	
5 57	8 37	12	5 .....Hunters.....	5	5 6 25	3 56	
5 53	8 34	11	2 .....Fillmore.....	6	8 6 29	4 00	
5 46	8 27	9	5 .....Briarly F.....	8	5 6 36	4 07	
5 39	8 20	8	.....	Waddles.....	10	6 45	4 14
5 31	8 12	6	9 ...Scotia Crossing F...	11	1 6 53	4 22	
5 11	7 56	2	.....	Krumrine.....	16	7 08	4 38
5 05	7 50	0	Lv STATE COLLEGE Ar	18	7 17	4 45	

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 connects with Trains east and west on B E V R R and S S Branch.

Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E V R R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after November 26th, 1888.

	WESTWARD		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia daily	11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 30	a m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 35	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 58	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	a m
"	arrives Erie "	4 55	p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves Phil'a week days	7 40	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	11 25	a m
"	arrives at Williamsport "	2 15	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	3 30	p m
"	" Renovo "	4 30	p m
"	" Kane "	8 35	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 00	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philada. week days	11 56	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven "	8 02	p m
"	" Renovo "	9 00	p m
SUNDAY MAIL	leaves Phila. week days	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	7 40	a m
"	" Williamsport	10 40	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 34	a m
"	arrives at Renovo	12 30	p m
	EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXP.	leaves L. Haven w. d	7 00	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
"	" Williamsport	8 00	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia	3 18	p m
DAY EXP.	leaves Kane week days	6 25	a m
"	" Renovo	10 7	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 15	a m
"	" Williamsport	12 20	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 15	p m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily	3 00	p m
"	" Renovo	11 00	p m
"	" Lock Haven	11 58	p m
"	" Williamsport	1 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	4 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia	8 25	a m
RENOVO AC'N	leaves Renovo daily	4 15	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	8 20	p m
"	" Philadelphia	4 25	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B E V R R trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with train on L S & M S R R at Corry with B P & W N Y at Emporium with B N Y & P R R, and at Driftwood with A V R R.

ROBERT NEILSON, General Supt.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Local Department.

—It was a rainy and disagreeable Sunday.

—The churches did not have large congregations on Sunday.

—A broom factory will be in operation in Philipsburg in a few weeks.

—White caps are serving notices on evil doers in and around Karthaus.

—Do you feel any change in the air since the new administration came in?

—On Monday the newly elected constables were sworn in before the court.

—Base ball will be the popular game for a long time, for every year has a 9 in it.

—Everett, Pa., it is said, has not had a death within its limits during the present year.

—Arrangements are already in progress for a very superior Star course of lectures next winter.

—Out of nine applications for tavern license in Somerset county, only three of them were granted.

—Adams' Express Company refuses to carry snakes, because the first Adam got into such serious trouble with a snake.

—Dogs in Westmorland county killed $4,700 worth of sheep during the year 1888. The dogs were worth about $100.

—A number of cases of death by freezing during the cold weather of last week are reported as occurring in Clearfield Co., Pa.

—The Eureka grocery is on High St., Bellefonte, Pa., next door to postoffice, and it is the best place in the county to get your groceries.

—That million dozen eggs is coming in. You can get all the butter and eggs that you want at the Eureka grocery, next door to Post Office.

—There should be prosperity now and we have no doubt that the Republican administration will soon cause a great revival in business and trade.

—Senator Cooper's anti-poll tax amendment to the constitution will be voted on by the people at the special election held on the 18th of June.

—The congregational meeting of Lutherans, on Saturday afternoon, did not result in a choice of plan. Another meeting was held on Wednesday evening.

—The angry Republican flood invaded even the precincts of the lower floor of the *Watchman* office Monday night, but was merciful and didn't do much damage.

—Those Clearfield county people are getting to be a bad lot. The other day they allowed a young lady to starve to death and now one of them is blamed for starving his cow.

—A reproduction of the negative of Harrison's Presidential train and its occupants, taken by Hugh Beaver, near Harrisburg, appeared in the Philadelphia *Press* on Saturday.

—Next Sunday morning there will be a memorial service in the Methodist church of this place. The service will be in memory of all the members of that church who died during the pastorate of Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D.

—Collins Hamilton, who is known as a bad man generally, was arrested at a place near Johnstown on Friday on quite positive evidence that he is one of the men who murdered Farmer Herman Umberger, one night last week.

—A fatal coasting accident occurred at Barrett Station, near Philipsburg, on Thursday. Two sons of Mr. Benjamin Peters were coasting, when their sled ran into a telegraph pole, instantly killing one and breaking one of the legs of the other.

—Godfrey Keistard, aged 58 years late of Co. B. 184 Reg. P. V. died in the Soldiers Home at Hampton, Va., on Feb. 16, 1889. On the same day, and at the same place, Michael Dooner, aged 60 years, crossed over to the other side. He was a member of Co. G. 69th Reg. P. V.

—The ladies of the Episcopal parish in Philipsburg have been holding a bazar of fancy articles which has already netted them over $500 towards the building fund for a new church edifice, The ladies of the parish recently purchased a handsome sewing machine and formally presented it to Mrs. Clerc, the minister's wife.

—The prospects for a full-grown harvest next summer are said to be excellent. It was thought that the absence of snow in Southern Pennsylvania during the winter thus far, and the constantly alternating freezings and thawings, would have an injurious effect upon the wheat and rye, but all the information at hand relieves apprehension in that direction.

—Now that Mr. Harrison has become the real President, it is no violation of confidence to state that, a month ago, he offered the Post Master General portfolio to the editor of the DAILY NEWS, which we declined and then it was offered to Mr. John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia. We believe that John can fill the bill almost as well as we could have done.

NOW FOR A GYMNASIUM.

The Initiatory Movements Taken to Establish Such an Institution.

LET THOSE WHO ARE INTERESTED RESPOND.

On the first of April the Young Men's Christian Association will occupy their new quarters on Allegheny street and it is possible, in connection therewith, to establish a gymnasium, all that is now necessary being the hearty co-operation of those who are especially interested.

From what we have so often heard, we believe that there are a hundred or more young men who will be glad that the privilege is offered them and we will explain how they can become members of it.

The membership fee for one year is only $3 or $1 per quarter of three months. If fifty persons signify their intention to become members the work of equiping the gymnasium will begin at once. This is a lower figure than is asked in other places, and it is desirable to have fifty members before April 1.

Call at the new rooms of the Association any evening and notify Mr. Wash. Rees of your intention.

This is the best opportunity that can possibly be offered for such an organization, for it will be in charge of the Y. M. C. A., and will be conducted in a way that will confer the greatest advantage on the members and be perfectly unobjectionable in any respect. Young men and all who desire to become members can repose the utmost confidence in the management and be sure that the apparatus and other equipment will be of a very superior kind.

Remember that at least fifty members will be necessary and all that is required is a promise to become a member at a payment of $3 per year. Mr. Rees will be in the rooms every week day evening after 7 o'clock and will be glad to take your name. The Y. M. C. A. room is two doors north of Walter Bayard's drug store on Allegheny street. If any further explanation is desired ask any member of the Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A.

The Inaugural Ball.

The Inaugural ball at Washington, on Monday night, was the most brilliant event of the kind in the history of such affairs.

The ball room was crowded when at 10 o'clock the word came that the presidential party would soon arrive. A few minutes later President Harrison and party reached the building. They were met at the entrance by the reception committee headed by General J. K. McCommon. An open passage was formed by the members committee and through this lane the party proceeded to the stairway reserved for them. The president took the arm of General McCommon and Mrs. Harrison was escorted by Colonel Britton. The ladies shortly after reaching their rooms retired to arrange their toilets.

About half-past 10 o'clock, President Harrison was joined by the ladies of his family and reception committee forming line three and four abreat in front and rear of the party procession was made up for a tour of the ball room. President Harrison walked with General McCammon, Mrs. Harrison with Colonel Britton and other ladies with their husbands. Vice President Morton and party followed in the walk of the President, but separated by a considerable space. President Harrison's appearance was the signal for an outburst of applause and clapping of hands which was kept up all along the line of march.

The young lady from Snow Shoe, this county, was considered the best dancer in the room, and Hardman P. Harris cut a spendid swell and secured three dances with members of the President's party.

The Late W. R. Mattern.

The Commissioners' clerk, Mr. W. R. Mattern, of Unionville, whose death occurred on Sunday morning and whose funeral occurred in Unionville Tuesday morning, was 34 years of age on the 9th of December of last year.

Instead of pneumonia, the disease which caused his death was typhoid fever. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. A correspondent writing from Unionville, says: "He was an excellent citizen; has lived here (at Unionville) since being appointed commissioners' clerk. Lived near Julian before."

A Handsome Act Fittingly Acknowledged.

The W. C. T. U., with that handsome generosity so characteristic if it, has turned over $175—the proceeds of the Star Lecture Course—to the use of the Y. M. C. A. The Association, on Monday evening, through its Board of Directors, expressed its earnest gratitude to the Union. It is the hope of the Association and should be its earnest endeavor to use these funds in a way that will be of benefit to the young men of Bellefonte.

Noble President Harrison.

On Saturday afternoon General Harrison and his son, Russell, drove down Pennsylvania avenue, in Washington, and viewed the decorations and other preparations for the inaugural. As they rode along the General espied a banner bearing a complimentary allusion to himself, and one the reverse of complimentary to President Cleveland. As they were to ride together on Monday General Harrison deemed it but courteous to have conveyed to the owner of the building his disapproval of the banner and it was removed.

A White Cap in Bellefonte Thirty Years Ago.

The following reminiscence which appeared in the Renovo *News* will be found of interest to many people in Bellefonte, who may remember the event it describes:

The most of us who have been paying any attention to the "White Cap" nuisance which has been attracting so much attention of late were of the opinion that the people of the present day originated the scheme for dealing with refractory individuals. It seems that this is not so. High Constable Ira Hall exploded that notion last night by recounting to the *News* reporter and several other gentlemen the particulars of a little expedition in the year 1859 which is in keeping with the "White Cap" idea of the present time. In the year mentioned Ira was a resident of Bellefonte and there lived not far from his residence a man who was in the habit of beating his wife. Growing tired of the frequent entertainments thus provided for her by the indulging husband the wife stated her case to Ira and a few other sympathetic neighbors and they, four women and three men, proceeded to the home of Mr. wife beater one pleasant evening, called him out into the back yard and removing from him his clothing they administered a very respectable coat of tar and feathers. Thus it will be seen that besides defeating a good man for Constable the Middle ward citizens have among them a White Cap who was in the business before many of the present members of that organization saw the light of day or the darkness of night.

A Decision Reversed.

The reversal by the supreme court of the decision of Judge Albright in the case of Semmel vs. the Commissioners of Lehigh county is important. Under the Brooks high license law of 1887 the constables are required to visit every hotel in their several bailiwicks at least once a month, but no compensation is provided. The constables of Lehigh county formed a league and Reuben Semmel, the constable of North Whitehall, last winter brought a suit against the county commissioners for mileage, which he claimed for making his monthly inspection. He alleged that he traveled twenty-five miles each time he made the trip. Judge Albright decided the case in favor of Mr. Semmel and the county commissioners appealed to the supreme court, which reversed the decision of Judge Albright. The decision was watched with great interest, as it effects every constable in the state, and these officers are, of course, required to make these inspections and receive no pay therefor. A bill is now pending in the legislature for a fee of fifty cents and mileage for constables for the extra work imposed upon them by the high license law.

Call and see our stock of tobacco, have all the popular brands known in the market. We have also a brand that gives the largest piece for five cents that you can get anywhere, it is a good sale. Eureka Grocery Co., next door to post office, Bellefonte.

Taxing Manufacturing Industries.

The proposition to levy a tax on manufacturing industries throughout the State, which has been broached in the Legislature, meets with little favor. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says of the project: If the State needed the money there might be some excuse for the proposed law; but the estimated sum to be obtained by it is about what will be needed to buy a part of the State debt at a high price, and the holders do not want it paid. If the State desires revenue in excess of its present estimates let the Legislature appoint a committee to investigate the quantity of petroleum produced in the State and place a small tax on it. This will furnish more money than is needed, and, perhaps, enough to encourage the formation of manufacturing enterprises by giving a bonus in proportion to the number of employes in each manufacturing company, or to the amount of work produced. Let us encourage manufacturing, and not oppress it in any way.

Material Wanted for Aprons.

We are requested by a member of the W. C. T. U. to state that the Union will hold an apron fair and festival next week. The time and place will be announced hereafter. The ladies are much in need of material for aprons and ask their friends to send in donations liberally, as the proceeds of the sales will be for Amendment work. Materials, aprons or fancy work can be sent to the W C T U rooms, Crider's building, Tuesday, Thursday or Friday afternoons, or handed to any of the members.

Sliced ham and breakfast bacon at the Eureka Grocery next door to post office.

—The highest maximum temperature for January in Clearfield county, as reported by Nathan Moore for the weather review, was 52. The lowest minium for the same month 6. The total snow fall during the month 17 inches; total depth of snow at end of month 6 inches. Number of days rain fall during month 14.

THE NEW COUNCIL.

A STREET COMMISSIONER ELECTED AND COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

The members of the new council who were present on Monday evening were: President Stover, Messrs. Cole, Brown, Hillibish, Gault, Bauer and Howley. The minutes were read. The new solicitor, Mr. Dale, and thanked the council for his election.

Tax Collector Keichline was present and made a statement in reference to the collection of taxes.

On motion, Mr. Thomas Shaughensey was re-elected to be street commissioner for another year.

The Lutherans, who want to begin the erection of their new church building, asked for grade of streets at that location—corner of Linn and Allegheny streets.

On motion, Mr. David Butts was re-elected borough engineer.

Complaint was made that dirty water runs through Perry alley, just east of Allegheny street, and it was referred to the Street committee for action.

Dr. Dobbins and Capt. Geo. Bayard complained of unjust taxes assessed against them and the matter was referred to the Finance Committee. The President announced the committee as follows:

COMMITTEES OF COUNCIL

Street—Potter, Gault and Brown.
Water—Cole, Hillibish and Bauer.
Fire and Police—Hillibish, Gault and Brown.
Nuisance—Gault, Gross and Howley.
Market—Gross, Howley and Potter.
Finance—Potter, Cole and Bauer.

Still on hand—those nice New York Baldwin apples—We warrant them perfectly sound, will keep till June. Only $2.00 per barrel. We also sell them by the bushel, half bushel and peck. Eureka Grocery Co., High St., next door to post office.

Curtin Street.

MR. EDITOR.—That high and beautiful thoroughfare exists now as a monument to—well, it is difficult to say just what.

Last summer it was only an unsophisticated rural road, and it was suggested that it would be the better for a little attention.

It never, however, entered into the minds of the residents of that street that it would be converted into a canal, but that is what it now is.

"What in the world are you doing?" was the query when men were seen digging a trench through the street. "Getting a grade," was the reply. They were digging for a grade as men dig for gold, and they were equally unsuccessful in finding it. At least, the water lies there in ponds to a greater extent than ever before. This is the way in front of the houses owned by Mr. John L Kurtz. In brief, the street is impassable.

On Monday the people living on the south side of the street tried to build a crossing which would enable them to reach the other side. At latest accounts they had not gotten more than half way across.

The street is now a source of wonder, awe and curiosity to everyone. Not for worlds would any one ask that any more be done. They would be afraid that the street would be lifted away bodily and suspended in the air. Hundreds of dollars were expended there with the result of converting a country road into a canal. To dig off the high places and fill up the low would have better answered the purpose.

***

The celebrated Jackson flour at the Eureka Grocery. All who use it pronounce it good and surpassed by no other in the market. Try it.

—Apart from the birds which rest during the day and seek their food at night as the night-jar and the various kinds of owls, and putting aside also those which in summer frequently sing all the night through, as the nightingale, the wood-lark and the sedge-warbler, it seems that the robin is the last bird to seek repose. It may be often heard singing until nearly midnight in the early summer, and in the winter is to be seen hopping about long after other birds have gone to rest.

—Colonel Austin Curtin, of Roland, having received an appointment at the state reformatory, will take up his residence in Huntingdon, says the Altoona *Tribune*. The *Tribune* always tells the truth so we will accept the statement as correct. While we are glad the Captain has received the appointment (because he is certainly worthy of anything) we will be sorry to part with him, because he is one of the most agreeable and courteous gentlemen we have ever met.

We have the finest stock of cigars kept in town. Call and test them at the Eureka, next door to post office.

—The fifth conference of the Railroad Men's Christian Association, comprising associations between Pittsburg and Harrisburg, with nearly 3,000 members, at its conference at Altoona, on Sunday, endorsed the Sabbath rest policy of the Pennsylvania Company recently placed in effect.

—The portraits of Governor Beaver and General Hastings, which appeared on Tuesday in the Philadelphia *Press*, were mere burlesques. It is a shame to thus misrepresent and disfigure good-looking gentlemen.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Montgomery, Howard's genial citizen, was in Bellefonte Thursday evening.

Judge Furst granted a divorce while presiding in Lycoming county on Wednesday.

Mrs. Charles F Cook is at present paying a brief visit with relatives living in Maryland.

The good-looking John Bayard is at present clerking for L. L. Brown, at his coal office.

Miss Stella Armor, is at home again after a pleasant visit, of about a month in Tyrone.

Miss Edith Ginter, a young lady of this place, just returned from a visit in Philipsburg.

Mrs. Stewart Pierce, and her little son of this place, departed for Philadelphia, on Saturday morning.

Mr. Wash Rees and Mr. A. L. Miller will attend the convention at Milton from Friday till Monday.

Mr. Isaac Haupt departed on Monday for Clearfield county where he expects to spend the next ten days.

Ex-Senator S. R. Peale, Lock Haven's well known citizen, is now in Bermuda, to remain a couple of weeks.

R. C. Fishburn, who is now at East Maitland, N. S. W., Australia, writes letters to the Philipsburg *Ledger*.

Mr. William Wilhelm, of Buffalo, was an arrival this morning to visit his brother-in-law, Mr. Cam Burnside.

Mrs. Mame Spangler, of Centre Hall, paid the DAILY NEWS office a brief but very agreeable visit on Tuesday morning.

Miss Millie Martin, of Milesburg, recently delivered two very excellent temperance lectures at Allport, near Philipsburg.

Mr. T. R. Hamilton, of Ridgway, who is employed in the lumber business in that place, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

William F Osman, Esq., formerly of Centre Hall and now a citizen of Grant City, Mo., is visiting his numerous relatives in this county.

Mr. Joe Montgomery was the first arrival home from Washington: He looks pretty well considering his experience in the rain.

Mrs. Achenbach, wife of Mr. Achenbach, the Bishop street baker, returned home on Thursday from a trip of two months duration through Ohio.

Mr. Lew Erhard has been notified that a large fortune was left him by an aunt who died recently. He is now ready to receive congratulations.

Miss Carrie Wykoff, a brilliant and charming young lady from Harrisburg, has for several days been the guest of her friend Miss Lizzie Brugger at Unionville.

Charles Pratt, of Belsena, W. B. Lucas, of Philipsburg, and Samuel Brooks, of Boiling Springs, spent Sunday at Unionville, where there was a very great attraction, especially for Sam.

Miss Sadie Rhone of this place and Mr. Atwood of Virginia, who is visiting at the home of his brother, South Allegheny street, very pleasantly entertained a few friends on Monday eve.

Mrs. Grace Dutton, daughter of Mr. D. S. Dunham, editor of the Bellefonte *Fountain*, arrived on Thursday from Howard to remain a few days, before returning to her home in Chester county.

Mr. James I. Yarnell, of Snow Shoe, will be the representative of Commendable Castle, at the thirteenth annual session of the Grand Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle, at Harrisburg, on the 2nd of April.

Miss Maggie Moore and her brother Ira, departed on the morning train for Tyrone, where they will make their home with their sister Mrs. Dunkle. Their many Bellefonte friends are sorry to lose them.

Col. D. S. Dunham, his daughter, Mrs Grace Dutton, accompanied by a little daughter of the latter's brother, Mr. Fred Dunham, departed on the 6 o'clock train on Wednesday for Chester county, Mrs. Dutton's home.

Mrs. Olds, of State College, Miss. Henderson, of Columbus, Ohio, and Mrs. Lieut. Pague, also of State College, were arrivals this morning. Miss Henderson is the guest of Mrs. Olds. Mrs. Pague is the guest of Miss Brockerhoff of this place.

Mr. Hardman P. Harris announced his intention of tearing himself away from Bellefonte scenes on Saturday afternoon and journeying to Washington. If he carried out this intention he is doubtless now congratulating Harrison on his beautiful inauguration.

Mr. Boyd A. Musser one of the bright pupils of Bellefonte's High School, has been at State College for several days, where he is filling the place of a brother who is now in Washington. As soon as his brother returns—which will probably be about Thursday of this week—Boyd will return to his school duties here.

—The W C T U Star Lecture Course netted $175 which has been placed to the credit of the Y M C A for gymnasium or other improvement purposes.

A SUPERLATIVE JAM.

Of People Throng to Hear the Senior Class Literary Exercises.

On Tuesday evening a crowd of surprising and appalling consistency pressed into the pleasant little hall on the second floor of the Centre County Bank Building. Surely that room never before held so many people. We say that the crowd was of surprising and appalling consistency. It was not large in dimensions, because it was necessarily limited and bounded by the walls of the room. But from the floor up to the height of from five to six feet was a dense mass of humanity. It excelled the Presidential inaugural.

Many were turned away. Of course, they were turned *away*, because it was impossible to turn while there. People were so wedged in that overcoats could not be removed, but still others came rapping at the door and claiming admittance.

The occasion was the literary entertainment of the Senior Class of the High School. When we arrived and could force our way in about two feet we found that the first act of "The German Baron" was in progress. A very suitable stage had been improvised and the curtains so arranged as to look pretty and afford sufficient means of ingress from and egress to the space behind the scenes.

We will not rehearse the plot, because there was not much. It is only two act comedy abounding in laughable situations. The audience enjoyed it as much as was possible under the circumstances. The *dramatis personae* were Misses Jennie Lukenbach, Jennie Fauble, Rebie Garman, Josie Bauer, May Woodring, and Carrie Gross; Messrs. Chas. T. Noll, Will T. Kelly, Harry U. Tibbens, John J. Bayard, Andrew J. Cruse, Jr., and Harry G. DeSylvia. The young ladies looked charming and acted captivatingly. There is certainly excellent dramatic talent among the young gentlemen. Charley Noll's versatility is well known. He never did better than that night. Harry Tibbens made an exquisite dude "just from Pawis, you know." Will Kelly acted his part well and also, during the intermission, delivered an oration on "Perseverence" in in his usually excellent and earnest style. Charley Noll not only sang two comic songs, but also recited a pathetic selection, "The Dying Soldier."

The entertainment was a successful and pleasant one, high creditable to the participants and must have netted quite a snug sum for the nucleus of a library for the school.

A Sacred Treasury.

Mrs. Foley, of Clearfield, Pa., has presented to the M. E. church at State College a handsome silver Communion set and baptismal urn. This gift is a memorial to the little grandson of Mrs. Foley, and is inscribed: 'Memorial to W. Foley Patterson." Mrs. Foley is an ardent Methodist, and this gift as a memorial to her little grandson is beautifully significant.

Some time ago the parents of Willie Foley Patterson found in his little bank after his death his accumulated savings, which seemed a sacred treasury; they thereforeappropriated the fund to the purchase of a communion table for the Methodist church at the College. Mrs. Foley, grandmother of Willie, now adds to the table the communion set, thus making the memorial complete. The members of the church pray God's blessing upon parents and grandmother.

The weather and the Death Rate.

The *Medical Record* is showing how the number of deaths depend on the severity of the weather. For instance in 1888, which was noted for the weather's great severity, during the first three months the death rate was exceptionally high. Other figures are given to prove the proposition. Commenting on them the *Herald* says: "It is evident that in the climate of these latitudes we have much to learn from preventive medicine and its precautions against diseases due to atmospherical changes. Just now the most important of these to provide against are the pulmonary troubles, which are likely to increase in fatality, especially among people of advanced age, during the turn of the season."

James Reeder Sentenced.

James Reeder of Mt. Eagle, the man who was found guilty by the last court of pointing firearms at a girl, but whose sentence was postponed, was sentenced on Tuesday afternoon. The sentence is that he pay fine and costs and undergo imprisonment in the county jail a period of six months.

The sentence was not so heavy as had been generally expected, but the judge said that the consideration of the circumstances had induced the Court to make the sentence light and indulged the hope it would not encourage any further crime.

MARRIED.

NOBLE—HARMAN.—On Wednesday, February 27, 1889, at the residence of James D. Seibert, in this place, Mr. John Noble, of Cassville, Pa., and Mrs. Mary A. Harman, of State College, Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D. officiating.

REITER—FRYER.—On the 17th instant, by J. T. Garthoff, Esq., at the home of Samuel Reiter near Coburn, Joseph Reiter and Mary A Fryer, both of Penn township.

MOYER—GROVE.—On February 26, 1889, by Rev. Ed. Everett Hoshour, at the bride's parents, near Bellefonte, Mr. Jacob Alfred Moyer and Miss Alice R. Grove, both of Bellefonte.